THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN. SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1868. VOL. 29.—NO. 9

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—The Cotton Shed on Jefferson st. eet, near Fourth. Apply to JAMES H. CASH, at City Inspector's offi e. sep10 1w

FOR RENT.—STOREHOUSE, No. 11 Union street, (Lee Block), 194 feet deep—now occupied by Galbreath Stewart & Co. Also a Basement and Offices in the Knickerbocker Building, Nos. 16 and 18 Madison street. Apply to WM. RICHARDSON HUNT, rep3 tf No. 11 Union street.

FOR RENT.—That large and commodious WAREHOUSE, known as E. M. Apperson & Co.'s, corner of Fourth and Jefferson streets, for rent low to a good tenant. The Lessee will receive the patronage of the undersigned. E. M. APPERSON & CO., sep2 1m 238½ Front street.

FOR RENT.—A FIRST CLASS COTTON SHED, centrally located. Rent from the 1st September. Apply to H. S. DUNSCOMB, au13 1m Desoto Bank.

FOR RENT.—The large COTTON SHED of Wormeley & Pickett, on Madison street, extending through to Court; also the splendid Store and Cellar No. 37 Adams street. Possession given immediately. Apply to WORMELEY, PICKETT & CO., au9 37 Adams street.

FOR RENT—Up-stairs, No. 19 Jefferson street, two Rooms suitable for offices or sleeping rooms. Apply at Appeal office. mh1

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

HORSE and Buggy.—A very fine and thoroughly broken family horse, with a new open Buggy and Harness—all in complete order—will be sold low. Inquire at Bescher & Co.'s, No. 381 Main street, or of JOE SELIGMAN, se6 1w Corner Union and Third streets.

Land for Sale.

300 ACRES, more or less, of good rich timbered unimproved Land, on Raleigh and Cuba Road, on Big Creek, Shelby county, will be offered at private sale, for cash, until Monday, September the 28th, when, if not sold, the same will be sold at public auction at the Circuit Courthouse door in Memphis. Apply to LUCY T. RALSTON, Executrix of John Ralston, dec'd. Big Creek, Or M. D. L. STEWART, sep1 td Memphis.

FOR SALE—PATENT RIGHT.—The Patent Right of a newly invented "Lock Guard" for any State in the Union can be secured by application to the unde signed. It is useful, and will pay active men who engage in its sale. One in use at this office, where those interested can inspect it. Address sep9 tf SAM SHIGGS, Appeal.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.—Beautiful, shaded and choice Building Lots, fronting on favorite residence streets, either cleared or with fine forest trees—very low. W. A. WHEATLEY, Agent Mrs. Col. Preston, No. 5 Bethel Block. jy22 2m

SUBURBAN LANDS AND RESIDENCE FOR SALE ON EAST TENN.—My lands, 3 miles east of the city, are for sale, on terms to suit purchasers, for cash or on any time—from one to ten years, and in any quantity—from 3 acres to 80. My residence, with from 14 to 28 acres land, will be sold at a great bargain, for cash, or on the usual terms. Apply to myself, on the premises, or to Boyster, Trezevant & Co., my agents, in the city. jel7 N. M. TREZEVANT.

WANTS.

WANTED—By a competent man, a situation as Book-keeper or Salesman—a Cotton and Grocery house preferred. The applicant has been engaged in business in Memphis for twelve years. The best of city and country references given. Address T., care J. M. Keating, APPEAL office. se11

WANTED—By a paying tenant, a small House with four rooms and kitchen, or small storeroom and three rooms attached. Give lowest terms and location. Address tenant, Appeal office. sep9 3t

WANTED—I want to exchange my improved city property, valued at $3000 cash, for country property of same valuation, or will take any goods to that amount. Address K. S., Appeal office. au28

WANTED.—500 bushels DRIED APPLES AND PEACHES. Highest market price paid at G. A. ECKERLY'S, 344 Front street, between Union and Gayoso streets. au21 6w

WANTED.—A situation as Book-keeper by an experienced business man and thorough accountant. Address B. C., Appeal office. au20

WANTED.—By an accomplished Southern Lady a situation as Teacher of the Piano and Singing in a private family or young ladies' seminary. References of the highest respectability given. Address L. M., care of Mrs. Debray Bennet, No 50 Second street, Memphis. au9 1m

AGENTS WANTED.—Campaign Lives of SEYMOUR AND BLAIR and GRANT AND COLFAX, beautifully colored Charts, Steel Portraits, Pins, Badges. Everything for the times—every voter wants them. GOODSPEED & CO., au18 1m Memphis or New York.

WANTED—DRIED APPLES AND PEACHES. 25 BS. None but bright halves. Also, No. 1 SWEET POTATOES. McDONALD & WOODWORTH, au12 1m Corner of Front and Union Sts.

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—Furnished Rooms with Board, at 161 Second street. References required. sep6

NOTICES.

Notice.

I HAVE a good EIGHTY SAW PRATT GIN, which I will sell cheap. I refer to Messrs. Galbreath, Stewart & Co. se8 tf A. WRIGHT,

Notice.

ALL persons whom it may concern are hereby notified that Certificate No. 219 for eight shares and Certificate No. 1046 for five shares of stock in the Memphis and Charleston Railroad having been lost or mislaid, application has been made for a re-issue of said stock. MATTHEW J. FOX. Memphis, May 5, 1868. sep6 1w

Notice.

I HAVE two beautiful and well improved Plantations in Lee county, Ga., within three miles of the city of Albany, bounded by one of the best railroads in the State, and a fine Lot and commodious Dwelling in the city, which I will gladly sell or exchange for other property, nearer to me. ap18 A. WRIGHT.

INSURANCE.

W. H. MOORE, AGENT,

4 1-2 Madison Street.

je21 3m

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JAS. F. BOZEMAN, Pres't. D. F. WILCOX, Sec'y.

W. H. MOORE, Agent, 4 1-2 Madison street, je21 3m Memphis, Tenn.

CINCINNATI.

JOHN DUBOIS, JAS. S. AUGUR, W. H. WILLIAMS

DUBOIS & AUGUR,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND DEALERS IN

PLANTATION SUPPLIES,

47 Race Street, Cincinnati.

sep9 3m

PREMIUM.

$1 00 Premium

FOR THE LARGEST EAR OF CORN DElivered to E. P. BATES & CO., Commission Merchants, au25 3m No. 258 Front street.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

1868.

LODGES.

ANCHORA, No. 198. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. D. B. Forster, 234 Front street, W. M.; John Besmish, Sec'y.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 118. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. A. J. Wheeler, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

LAILA SCOTT, No. 289. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, corner Madison and Second. Moses Seelig, W. M.; C. Curtis, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 299. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. H. J. Lynn, W. M.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 341. Meets 4th Friday of each month—at South Memphis Hall, corner of Madison and Second. George Mellersh, 32d.'. W. M.; B. K. Pullen, 32d.'. Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

R. AND S. M.

UREKA Council, No. 6. Meets M Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

TEMPLARS.

CYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

A.'. AND A.'. SCOTTISH RITE.

304 *Front Street.*

HERMES AND MITHRAS Lodges meet in conjunction 4th Wednesday in every month. F. Mellersh, Secretary.

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CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th., No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M.'. W.'.; H. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.'.

PHILIPPI DOMETHEREAN Council of K.—h, 30th., No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 32d., Comm.'.; William Y. Cirode, 32d, Rec.'.

CONSISTORY OF WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Almlie, 32d., Comm.'. in Chief; Dodge C. Trader, 32d, Reg.'.

I. O. O. F.

GAYOSO ENCAMPMENT, No. 3, I. O. O. F. Meets on the 1st and 3d Thursday nights of each month. J. H. McClure, C. P.; F. Mellersh, H. P.; Thomas Bacon, Scribe. je4

MEMPHIS LODGE, No. 6.—Meets every Tuesday night. F. Mellersh, N. G.; M. Pump, Secretary. au19

CHICKASAW LODGE, No. 8.—Meets every Monday night at 8 o'clock. Dr. George W. Acree, N. G.; Thomas Bacon, Secretary. jy12

THE NEWS.

—The heaviest storm known in that section for many years passed over Macon, Ga., Thursday night.

—A serious riot occurred in Cork on Thursday. The military were called out, and the rioters dispersed at the point of the bayonet.

—A man named Young, and his three sons, killed one hundred and thirty-four rattlesnakes in one day, in Hamilton county, Tenn., recently.

—In Connecticut they have discovered living worms in corned beef which had been boiled three hours. They boiled the worms again, but they still "wriggled."

—There is a German Democratic club in New York, nearly five hundred strong, all the members of which have hitherto voted the Republican ticket.

—It is reported that Count Sartiges, late French Minister at Rome, was recalled because he could not restore friendly relation between Italy and Rome.

—Von Beust, Austrian prime minister, delivered an address at a feast in Vienna yesterday; he declared that the development of liberal principles was the aim of the State.

—The Coroner's inquest in the late railway disaster in Wales, finished its labors on Wednesday last. A verdict of manslaughter was returned against the brakeman of the freight train.

—The world-renowned vineyard at Chateau Lafitte has been purchased by Baron James de Rothchild at the upset price—4 140,000 francs, or rather more than £165,000.

—Capt. Auguste, commandeur in New Orleans, in trying to remove a wet boot from his foot, snapped the "long bone" of femur above the knee. This is a very rare occurrence, and worthy of notice in a medical point of view.

—Hather, the man who committed such a brutal outrage on a girl in Maury county, Tenn., lately, has been found guilty, the jury recommending that the extreme penalty of the law be inflicted.

—After the 1st of October, under a late law of the Ohio Legislature, no person can legally practice medicine in that State, without being provided with a diploma from a medical college.

—By an act of Parliament just printed, any member of a partnership guilty of converting to his own use property of the copartnership, is to be liable to be tried as if he was not a member of the partnership.

—Madame Paul Demidoff, *nee* Princess Meitschersky, has died during her confinement at Heitzing, near Vienna, at the early age of twenty-one. Madame Demidoff was remarkable for her beauty.

—During a recent reception of Turkish officials on board Farragut's flag ship at Constantinople, the crew had the bad taste to give three cheers for America and Russia. Wonder if they ended with a "tiger" for Poland and the South.

—The Governor of Alabama has issued a call for the Legislature of that State to meet on the 16th inst. The Huntsville papers say there is no necessity for the meeting, and denounce it as another effort to rob the people already taxed beyond endurance.

—A French ship, the *Prophete*, lately arrived at Havre, from Vera Cruz, with a cargo of false hair only. It consists principally of Indian scalps, which, as trophies of their own gallantry and that of their ancestors, were hidden when the French went to Mexico.

—Last week a portion of the track of the Bellefontaine and Indianapolis Railroad, about 250 feet long, sank over *sixteen feet*, and the ground around sank with it. All the trains have been obliged to stop, and the track has been raised by "cribbing." Fish from twelve to eighteen inches long appear where the water has risen out of the crack. It is supposed that a subterranean lake exists beneath the track.

—The Lexington (Ky.) *Observer* tells how they treat persons suffering from hydrophobia in that State, as follows: A furious and frantic negro woman, mad from the effects of hydrophobia, was consigned to the lunatic asylum Monday. She came from Louisville on the train, and had to be tied down to the floor of the car. *Her front teeth had to be knocked out to keep her from biting.*

—A Washington special says Gen. Grant advises Gen. Schofield that he will not return to Washington until the latter part of October, as he does not want to be mixed up in any political complication. He has proposed returning by the middle of September, and this change in his intentions was brought about by a consultation of Radical leaders with his chief adviser, Washburne. The precise reason for this action has not transpired.

—A New York correspondent says: "The cattle disease is unquestionably curtailing the consumption of beef. At the Bull's Head there is a sensible diminution of the number of animals on sale, and the butcher's bills of most of the hotels exhibit a corresponding abbreviation. One house in Broadway, which usually averages $700 per week, now finds $250 sufficient. Another over in Brooklyn, which usually buys $180 worth, has dwindled down to $45; and the same state of things, it is probable, exists at other places. Mutton, veal, pork and fish are alone in favor at the restaurants."

—The Louisville *Courier* publishes the details of a disgraceful outrage on a young woman named Nellie Conner, whose only crime was the repetition of local scandal. She was taken from her home near the Salt river road ten miles below Louisville, on the Ohio river, carried into the woods, stripped stark naked and tarred and feathered from head to foot. A kind Christian near by the scene of the outrage cared for, and by the use of hot water, relieved her of the tar. She also had proper medical attendance, and is recovering. The brutes ought to be brought out and lynched.

ADDRESS.

Delivered by T. W. Brown, Esq., before "Young Men's Independent Democratic Club."

At New Memphis Theater, August 5, 1868.

[CONTINUED FROM YESTERDAY.]

THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—ITS MISSION.

To avert this dire consummation, however, stands in brave array an organization not unknown in our past history, and the master spirit of some of its most brilliant epochs. On its banners, "full high advanced," is emblazoned, in living light, that word, Democracy—a name once dear to the popular heart of America. To its custody the country once committed the constitutional compacts of the UNION. How jealously it guarded them—how earnestly it insisted on their observance in spirit and letter, as the only guarantee of union, internal peace and order—we can all learn if we take a candid retrospect of the past; and in the light of the sad occurrences of the last eight years, we can only lament that its wise counsels were neglected. All must concede that if its constitutional doctrines had been adhered to by the people, there could have been no occasion for secession, and civil war would never have desolated our land and engulfed our liberties. This much must be allowed it by all who are candid, however they may find matter for censure in its practical administration of public affairs, or its measures of transient policy. As one of its former opponents, your speaker unhesitatingly accords to it this measure of praise. The greatest misfortune of the country was, undoubtedly, its overthrow, at the time and under the circumstances when it occurred. Stricken down from its ascendancy by a raging fanaticism, and repressed by the bayonet during the long, dreary years of intestine war, it again springs into the arena with the elastic bound of undecayed youth, like the fabled Anteus with a vigor renewed by its fall, still as of yore the resolute defender of the rights of States, of the rights of the people, and the vindicator of the Constitution. It calls to its standard all that is good and noble in the land—appeals to its ancient foes, and solicits reconciliation with all who approve its present beneficent purpose. With a Catholic heart it seeks to embrace every friend of freedom, and resents, to those who are now in accord with it, no differences in the past. It wanders over the battle-fields of a gigantic civil war, mourning the mutual slaughter of brothers, the sons of a common mother; not as a roving plunderer to rob the dead, or murderously filch from the wounded the little life that was spared by the shock of battle; not to perpetuate between the survivors of stricken fields the hates engendered by the fray; not to oppress the captive or insult the defeated; but to bury the dead, to minister to the wounded, to appease the fury of the surviving combatants and restore amity between them, to lift up the fallen, release the captive, smooth the adverse fortunes of the beaten, and drag from under the wrecks and ruins of war the mutilated body of Liberty, that she may not perish.

WILL RECEIVE THE SUPPORT OF THE YOUNG MEN NORTH AND SOUTH—ON THEM DEVOLVE THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE HOUR.

Such is its high and holy mission! Who will refuse service under its banners? Not the generous youth either North or South! This is exemplified in the membership of this Club The Federal soldier may be seen side by side with the late Confederate boy, laboring in the common cause of Reconciliation and Restoration, as active and enthusiastic as ever they were under their respective and hostile standards a few years since. No Reconstruction, the odious word of a tyrannical sophistry, is needed to cement their brotherhood. For each loves freedom too well not to perceive, and resist by a united effort, the danger that threatens them alike in the hateful and usurping policies of the now dominant faction.

It is in truth on the young men of both sections, that now devolves the work of re-establishing the ancient liberties of the Republic. The old live in the past. Their attachments and antipathies survive their occasion and cause, leaving behind insuperable prejudices to divide or produce cold and reluctant co-operation, when the emergency demands a most generous oblivion of past antagonisms. Moreover, the aged are not largely gifted with Hope. The disappointments of a long life have chilled in their bosoms its bounding impulses. Without it no difficult enterprises ought to be undertaken. It is an essential element of success. Its possessor can adapt himself to all the varying vicissitudes of life. Accidents will not surprise nor failure prostrate; and each adversity is met with renewed effort. Youth, therefore, has that protean flexibility by which it can comprehend changing situations in affairs, and shape its action accordingly, without abating the tenacity of its purpose. Therefore the present crisis, in a most eminent degree, imposes its responsibilities on the young men of the country, and the difficult problems of the time rest with them for solution.

THEIR ENTHUSIASM MUST BE SUSTAINED BY THEIR INTELLIGENCE.

They must not, however, enter on their high duties, nor grapple with these great responsibilities without due preparation, nor must they enter upon the conflict half-armed. The hair myriads of Montezuma, though dauntless in courage, went down before the small, but mail-clad and well disciplined battalions of Cortez. Enthusiasm may carry an undisciplined column up the slope, and hurl it with such impetuosity on the adversary line as to gain the crest, but it requires the resoureeful skill of veterans to maintain the position when thus occupied. Therefore a clear and intelligent apprehension of the questions involved in the present canvass is absolutely necessary to a well sustained and effective assault on our vindictive enemies. The arsenal of reason must be well supplied with arguments, for we must achieve this victory by *moral force* in order to realize all its advantages. The instinctive convictions of right are not alone sufficient. These will give fervor, earnestness and energy. But large populations at the North are to be aroused from indifference. They are to be *reindoctrinated* into the lessons of Republican Government. Their sensibility to encroachments on freedom has been blunted by the unrebuked oppressions practiced on them in part, and on the South in their presence, and with at least their acquiescence, for many years. They have consequently lost that quick and jealous apprehension of liberty, that is requisite to freemen, if they would not lose it—and which the misfortunes of the South have preserved in the hearts of her people with a sharpened edge.

THE GREATEST DANGER THE WANT OF SENSIBILITY IN THE NORTH TO THE VITAL QUESTIONS INVOLVED.

After all probably the greatest calamity inflicted by the administrations and legislation of the last eight years on the country, is not the ruin and desolation of our own beautiful section, but the debauching of the political sentiment of the Northern people, by habituating them to witness and bear without protest the aggressions of tyranny. In this lies, in my humble judgment, the greatest danger of the Republic. If in truth the sense of freedom has become extinct and beyond awakening in the States north of the Ohio and Susquehanna, then is unutterable woe come upon the whole land.

Yet the signs of the times do not authorize us to adopt any such hopeless view. On the contrary, we have every reason to believe that in those States Constitutional Liberty is not dead, but only sleepeth—that Democracy will unseal the sepulchre, tear away the grave clothes and re-enthrone the presiding genius of the REPUBLIC.

WHAT CAN THE SOUTH DO?—REASON, NOT THE SWORD OF FREEDOM THE WEAPON TO BE WIELDED BY HER.

But what can the South—in desolation, poverty and chains—do in this great battle for the right? Much! much! every way! Greece, with her Acropolis dismantled, without an arsenal and unarmed, by her genius overcame ROME and held her conqueror obedient to her arts and submissive to her reason. We may not use that sword, which has often hewed a pathway for freedom through battalioned oppressors. That sword—which pierced the black eagle of Vienna, and on the rocks of URI clove the Switzer's bonds—that sword which on the flooded dykes of Holland struck down the Spaniard, and conquered from the remorseless Phillip the same fields thitherto wrested by industry from the more remorseless sea—that sword, which at Yorktown hacked to pieces British power on this continent, and converted subject colonies into sovereign States, is for us now only a bright tradition of the past. We need it not. It is at best but the instrument of force. Necessity sometimes wields it in defense of the right; but it is more often the obedient servitor of the tyrant. That was the highest wisdom in Richlieu, when he ordered his page to put away the sword, and exclaimed that States could be saved without it. No results accomplished by it can be relied on as permanent. Whatever the reason of mankind does not approve will sooner or later perish. The South can win her emancipation and the nation regain her liberties by moral force—by the constant assault of oppression with argument. Liberty has never succeeded in the field without well armed numbers, guided by wise policy. Artillery can never breach the dongon-keep of tyranny until reason has drawn the greater numbers to ply with well disciplined skill its forces. FREEDOM, though of heavenly lineage, and cradled in the manger, is permitted to struggle among men with usurpation and wrong, unsupported by miracles, to convince the skeptic or confirm the faith of her disciples. No supernal legions wait on her command to guard her against treachery, or fight her battles with Power. Her recruiting office is the brain of man—and her drill sergeant the thinker. The poet, orator and logician must always, in her cause, precede the warrior, and the soldier must only be the sword arm of the statesman. Oppression dreads the projectile force of an unanswerable argument more than that of a cannon ball; for the former first unsettles the foundation of its stronghold, and prepares for the latter an easy and quick success.

THE SOUTH MUST ARGUE HER CAUSE BEFORE THE NATION.

The enemies of the SOUTH cannot deny her the right to argue her cause before the nation. They doubtless fear such a trial, but cannot consistently shrink from it; for they proclaim themselves the party of "great moral ideas." Though the claim is false and hypocritical, yet the assumption binds to conduct, that must, to some extent, conform to it. Therefore we must call to our aid in this struggle that genius—that intelligence in the affairs of State, and that profound knowledge of free government, which has, in other times, so distinguished the people of the South. That genius, which, rising superior to colonial dependence and the rigors of pioneer settlement, developed in the untamed forests of America the plans of matured statesmanship, and on a new continent planted English liberty, giving to it foundations deeper and broader than those of Runnymede, and amplifying it with a philosophy more profound than that of subsequent British law-givers—still lives. That intellect, from whose Jove-like chambers, sprang amid the solitudes of the Western world great States full panoplied at once in arts, laws and civilization, still moves with creative intelligence over the present chaos of things. It haunts not the graves of our young chivalry merely as a ghostly memory of the PAST. Unlike that of the degenerate Roman, its energies have not been exhausted by past achievements, nor will it be content to find only a tomb beneath the ruins of its former grandeur. It is yet quickened with deathless vigor, ready to grapple with the disastrous present, and prepared to command the future.

It can never be forgotten that the statesmen of the South were the architects of the Federal system—that for eighty odd years they kept it true to civil liberty, and that under their administration there were no beatlies, and no *official bell* could signal the *irresponsible* arrest of the humblest citizen in this broad land. Then, as a co-worker in the great cause of republican freedom, the South has an honorable history and an impressive *prestige*, which will be felt and influentially acknowledged in every part of the Union.

THE SPIRIT OF THE RECONSTRUCTION MEASURES AND THE ANIMUS OF THEIR PROJECTORS.

It is due to themselves, and of the last importance to the Northern States, that our people be vindicated against the repressive policies, which have been adopted toward them by the present Congress. The spirit of these policies imply, that they have no right to participate in the political controversies of the day, nor to influence to any extent the opinions of their fellow citizens, but that as to all this they are to maintain the silence of aliens in the land of their birth. Their only function in the body politic is decreed to be that of tax-payers; "the hewers of wood and drawers of water" for upstart placemen. Parishs in the State, their substance is to be eaten out by onerous assessments to enrich needy, ignorant and corrupt adventurers, set in authority over them against their will, and inimical to their interests. Their boundless resources are to be converted into immense "placers," whence only the grasping official and his retainers may draw wealth greater than that "of Ormus or of Ind;" while daily want shall in the market place, with lean fingers and craving eye, supplicate the morsel that may postpone the death of to-day until the morrow, and the public eye shall everywhere be offended by the criminal opulence of the few, and the ragged misery of the beggared many. Their intelligence and industry are to be employed only to accumulate treasure for the tax-gatherer and plunderer. The utmost result promised to their enterprise is only such as awaited the treasure houses of the Peruvian Incas, to be at last rifled by the political Pizarros of the day.

Not only this, the purpose of those measures is to practically secure this result. That the animus of these measures and their projectors has not been inaccurately construed, we need but read the speeches of the leaders of Radical opinion and the influential papers of the Radical party. The mere fact, that late Confederate soldiers were present as constituents of the recent Democratic Convention, though bearing honorably kept paroles, and an unimpeachable record of a punctiliously observed allegiance to the Federal Government since the surrender of Southern arms, is made the text for the most unrelenting invective, and the Convention sought to be rendered odious on that account. What is the meaning of this? If the whilom follower of the Southern Cross has furled his banner in good faith, and is still a citizen of the REPUBLIC, why should he not unite with his fellow-citizen of the North in consultation over affairs relating to the *common* good? No! it is too plainly that insolence of tyranny, which would apply the thumb-screw and fagot for a dissenting opinion, and would convert by fire when it cannot convince by argument. It means that no inhabitant of these Southern States shall have or express a sentiment adverse to the men now in power. According to the gospel of Radicalism, there can be no hearing granted to the men of the South, unless they will consent to their own dishonor and betray their States. Hence it becomes our imperative duty to throw before the Northern mind, boldly and fearlessly, a refutation of the miserable sophistries by which it is attempted to sustain such policies and justify such a spirit.

THE RECONSTRUCTION MEASURES PLAINLY UNCONSTITUTIONAL—THE DANGER TO THE NORTH IN ACQUIESCING IN THEM.—VIRGINIA AND MASSACHUSETTS.

That the reconstruction measures, which constitute the legislative embodiment of the revengeful policy and proscriptive spirit adverted to, are unconstitutional and without warrant in the organic law of the Republic, requires no argument. The lowest intellect in the land at once comprehends this. The High Priest of Radical vengeance, THAD STEVENS, boldly avows, that they are entirely outside of the Constitution.

Is it wisdom in the Northern States to acquiesce in, or permit a huge system of legislation, having no other foundation to rest on but the bayonet? Do they apprehend no danger for themselves in the future, by allowing such a precedent to be established? If these things can now be done in eleven States with the consent of twenty—it may, at no distant day, be done in eleven others with the consent of thirty. Such was not the patriotic forecast of Virginia, in the days of '76, when she recognized in the "clanking chains" on the plains of Boston the warning of the fate in store for her, if she did not spring to the assistance of her sister colony. May not Virginia now justly ask of Massachusetts a wise and prudent reciprocation in 1868 of the aid she obtained from the "Mother of States" in 1776? Has time obliterated gratitude, or proven the folly of such precaution? Let Massachusetts answer!

[CONCLUDED TO-MORROW.]

FRANK P. BLAIR.

Brief Memoir of His Career.

Mr. David G. Croly, the author of "Campaign Lives of Seymour and Blair," in drawing to a conclusion his rapid sketch of the life of Maj.-Gen. Frank P. Blair, presents the following summary of his traits as revealed in his public and private life.

Since the war, besides exerting himself professionally, Gen. Blair has labored with fine effect as a speaker for the Conservative cause. His efforts have extended through several States, especially in Connecticut, where first set in the reaction which is now sweeping over the country.

Having always had a clear purpose in his fighting, he maintained it in his unity to the end, and in the prosecution of the plans of peace. The object was the suppression of the rebellion, simply and solely. The extinguishment of States, the degradation of the white below the black race, the supremacy of military over civil power, have received no countenance from him. Resuming with it pended and expanded convictions his position as statesman, and adding to it the record second to none, of eminent military qualities, he has labored with voice and pen as strenuously as he did with the sword to realize in peace the benefits he felt forced to seek by war. So orderly has been his mind, that he has always known where to stop. Believing in the negro's right to be free, he helped give him his freedom. Nothing less would suffice; nothing more was required. Down to the Union, zeal and intolerance never tided him over into disunion in the name of Union. He has never prostituted the name of liberty into tyranny, the name of loyalty into proscription of the white race, the name of anti-slavery into the enormities of negro supremacy. The issues of the war unaccomplished, made him a Radical. The issues of the war finally accomplished, left him a Conservative.

To speak of his magnanimity, bravery and popularity would only repeat the record of his soldierly career. Sherman kept him closer to him than his own shadow during all the war, and always had him for his second in command. His officers loved him; his men worshipped him. He was never defeated. Successive promotions in rank and power flowed in on him. He gave to each advanced responsibility a more brilliant discharge than the preceding one. No fraud taints his hands. No tyranny stamps his record.

In war he was a relentless, sleepless, always victorious enemy. In peace he has proved a thorough, all-forgetting, wholly-trusting, magnanimous friend. His record is as consistent as it is patriotic. Those whom he regards as Northern rebels now, he opposes with as much fire and force as he did Southern rebels in the past.

His address is singularly popular and unaffected. He is accessible to the humblest and serene among the highest. His personal power almost amounts to magnetism. He can mold men to the purpose he wishes. Not reticent, he is yet prudent. Emphatically, he possesses that equilibrium of all the faculties known as common sense.

His life has been almost a romance. Converting a State to freedom, and then saving it to the Union; the hero of two wars, and deservedly eminent in both; a business man of the highest integrity of mind and temperance of habit; an orator of great ability; a statesman of rare faculty and foresight; a man of indomitable will; his traits are all positive to the highest degree. In greatness, in clearness, in pureness, in combativeness, in statesmanship, he is a veritable Andrew Jackson. We have given his record. Further to reason from it would be supererogation. The country knows him, and above all, his comrades in arms revere and love him.

WADE HAMPTON.

Letter in Reference to the Death of Col. Cameron.

To the Editor of the New York Tribune:

Sir: The *Times* last week inserted a correspondent's article, signed "Hoboken," asserting, unqualifiedly, that Gen. Wade Hampton, at the battle of Manassas, in cold blood and maliciously, shot Mr. Cameron, the brother of the Secretary of War. It seemed so utterly inconsistent with Gen. Hampton's well-known character for bravery and honor, that I inclosed him the article, and send you his answer. I am as thorough a Republican as any man can be, but despise, as I trust all our party do, such malignant and unjustifiable attacks upon the honor and integrity of an opponent.

NEW YORK, September 5. J. H. P.

"WALHALLA, August 30, 1868.

"*Sir:* Your letter inclosing an article from the *Times* of the 17th instant, has just reached me, and it is due to you that I should acknowledge to the civility you have shown in calling my attention to this attack upon me. I feel such a profound contempt for the *Times*, and other papers of that sort, that I should not have humbled myself to notice the article in question, nor should I do so now but to respond to your letter. This I do frankly, and I pronounce the statements made by 'Hoboken,' in reference to myself at the battle of Manassas, as utterly false. To be more specific, I assert 'that I never commanded, at any time, the Black Horse Cavalry;' that my command in that fight was a regiment of infantry; that I never shot at Col. Cameron, and that I never saw him, to my knowledge, while alive or dead. Thanking you for your kindness in sending me the paper, I am very respectfully, yours,

"WADE HAMPTON.

"Joseph H. Patten, Esq."

CONFEDERATE DEAD.

Brownlow Willing to Assist in their Decent Burial!!!

The Knoxville *Whig* of the 9th has the following:

A meeting was held at Ramsey's Hall, on Thursday evening, to take into consideration the subject of raising funds to gather into a suitable cemetery the Confederate dead of East Tennessee. It was participated in by men of all parties, and it was finally agreed that a grand tournament should be held at the Fair Grounds near this city for the purpose of raising the funds necessary to carry out the object. A large list of managers was named, and an executive business committee appointed to make arrangements for the proposed tournament.

Without entering into any argument as to this being the most appropriate or the most successful method of accomplishing the end sought to be accomplished, we will say that the object is a very worthy one. The remains of the Confederate dead throughout East Tennessee, to the shame of wealthy rebels be it said, have been much neglected. Whatever may be our opinion of the cause in which they fell, and however much we may deplore the errors of the living, the mantle of charity should be thrown over the graves of the dead, their faults forgotten, and their memories cherished with kindly feelings. Wealthy rebels, to whose influence hundreds of these poor fellows are indebted for their present humble graves, should feel themselves particularly called upon to aid in this matter, while loyal men can compromise none of their principles if they use their influence in this behalf.

THE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU.

What it Costs and Where the Money is Spent.

The annual expenses of this department amount to $828,429. The sum is divided among the different districts as follows: Headquarters at Washington, five officers, with salaries amounting in the aggregate to $10,200; fifty-eight clerks at $60,420, and six messengers at $3850; total, $95,560. District of Columbia, thirty-one agents at $30,240; nineteen clerks at $20,760, and six messengers at $2640; total, $53,640. Maryland, eight agents at $5400; four clerks at $5100; and two messengers at $1200; total, $11,700. Virginia, ten agents at $14 400; thirty-six clerks at $36,874, and twelve surgeons at $14,400; total, $65,674. North Carolina, nine agents at $14,400; seven surgeons at $8400, and twenty-eight clerks at $30 000; total, $52,800. South Carolina, eighteen agents at $25,980; fifteen surgeons at $18,000, and thirteen clerks at $14,300; total, $58,880. Georgia, forty-six agents at $58,500; eight surgeons at $9900, and eighteen clerks at $20,100; total, $88,500. Florida, ten agents at $12,600, two surgeons at $1800, eight clerks at $4200, and two messengers at $720; total, $19,310. Alabama, twenty-two agents at $24,117, and twenty-three clerks at 27,220; total, $51,337. Kentucky, seventeen agents at $17,520, eight surgeons at $6720, and seventeen clerks at $17,400; total, $41,640. Tennessee, eighteen agents at $20,400, two surgeons at $1800, and fourteen clerks at $17,100; total $39,300. Mississippi, twenty-seven agents at $33,300, eighteen clerks at $32,250, and twelve laborers at $2700; total, $68,200. Missouri, one agent at $2400, one clerk at $1200; total, $3600. Arkansas, eighteen agents at $24,600, seven surgeons at $8400, and twenty-eight clerks at $31,320; total, $64,520. Louisiana, twenty-three agents at $28,600, eleven surgeons at $13,200, and thirty-four clerks at $37,100; total, $78,900. Texas, thirty-four agents at $40,968, and eleven clerks at $13,200; total, $54,168. The entire number of persons employed amounts to 727.

EDUCATIONAL.

UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND,

—AT—

BALTIMORE.

THE Sixty-first Annual Session of the School of Medicine in the University of Maryland will commence on the 19th of OCTOBER, 1868, and will end on the 1st of March, 1869. There will be a preliminary Course of Lectures, beginning on Monday, October 5.

FACULTY OF PHYSIC.

NATHAN R SMITH, M. D., Professor of Surgery.

WM. E. A. AIKEN, M. D., LL. D., Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.

W. W. MILLENBERGER, M. D. Professor of Obstetrics.

RICHARD MCSHERRY, M. D., Professor of Principles and Practice of Medicine.

CHRISTOPHER JOHNSON, M. D., Professor of General, Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.

SAMUEL C. CHEW, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.

FRANK DONALDSON, M. D., Professor of Physiology, Hygiene and General Pathology.

WM. T. HOWARD, M. D., Professor of Diseases of Women and Children.

JAMES H. BUTLER, M. D. Demonstrator and Adjunct to the Professor of Anatomy.

The fees for the full course are $120. For Matriculation $5. For Practical Anatomy $10.

The University Hospital, (or Infirmary,) attached to the College, ranks among the first Clinical Schools in the country. It affords a great variety in the forms of disease always under treatment. Surgical Operations, and Clinical Lectures on Surgery, Practical Medicine and the Diseases of Women and Children, are constituent parts of the daily instruction given by the respective Professors of this Institution.

Students desiring to perfect themselves in *specialties* can take courses of private instruction from Adjuncts attached to the various Chairs.

GEO. W. MILTENBERGER, M. D., Dean. sep6 6t

College of the Christian Brothers,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

THE object of this Institution is to afford students the means of acquiring a thorough collegiate education, whilst the Commercial Department offers rare advantages to young men desirous of entering on mercantile pursuits.

The next Session will commence on the last MONDAY in August.

Applicants for admission will do well to be in time. For particulars address au12 2m BROTHER EDWARD, President.

LaGrange Female College,

LaGRANGE, TENN.,

50 MILES east of Memphis, on Charleston Railroad. Will open 1st September and close 1st July next. Cheapest College in the West.

Cash items for five months:

Board in College (all found).....	$100 00
All English, Latin and Mathematics.....	21 00
Music (on any instrument) with use of instrument.....	25 00
Modern Languages.....	10 00
Vocal Music and Incidentals, no charge.	

1y19 2m J. D. MEREDITH, President.

MRS. CUTHBERT'S

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

Nos. 1418 and 1420 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.

WILL commence its Seventh Semi-Annual Session September 7, 1868. A full corps of experienced teachers is employed

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Transient advertisements having the run of the paper, first insertion $1; *each subsequent insertion 50 cents per Square.*

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CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondence, on Public Events, solicited from every part of the United States.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPT. 12, 1868

For President.....HORATIO SEYMOUR.
For Vice-President.....FRANK P. BLAIR.

TENNESSEE.

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

For Congress.....JOHN W. LEFTWICH.
For Elector.....W. W. VAUGHAN.

THE NEWS.

Charleston papers chronicle the death of Rev. P. T. Keith, Rector of St. Michael's.

Enoch Train, a well known ship-owner of Boston, died yesterday of appoplexy, at his residence in Sangus, aged 67.

Hon. Stevenson Archer was nominated for Congress by the Democratic Convention of the second district of Maryland yesterday.

The Democratic Convention at Clyde yesterday nominated E. F. Dickenson, of Fremont, as a candidate for Congress from the Ninth district of Ohio.

A man named Robert Calhoun, residing in Allegheny City, Penn., was killed Tuesday night in a street fight. Charles Murphy, supposed to be the murderer, was arrested.

The value of the hay crop of the Northern and Western States is estimated at more than two hundred millions of dollars, the crop being the largest ever produced.

The Grand Lodge of the United States, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, will hold its annual session at Baltimore, Md., on Monday, September 21st.

A dispatch from New York states that the suits instituted against the State of Tennessee and the Railroad Presidents have been dismissed. The dispatch does not say wherefore.

A gentleman in Western New York manures his grapevines by burying at the roots the carcasses of dead cats. A decided Cat-awba flavor, he thinks, is thus imparted to the grapes.

The New York *Herald* rants about what it calls the stupidity of the Democracy, which being interpreted means that not enough money has been put in the itching palm of Bennett.

The Washington *Chronicle* says the real issue in the campaign is the validity of the reconstruction acts, and in that connection indulges in half a column of misrepresentation of Frank Blair's letter.

The *Coahomian* of the 5th inst. says: We learn that five freedmen in the lower portion of the county have been attacked with the *Charbon*. Three of them died, but the remaining two, through the exertions of Dr. McClon'g, were saved.

Mr. Cuthbert C. Grundy publishes in the English papers the fact of the discovery by some workmen digging in a cellar in Blackpool, Lancashire, of a living oyster "firmly imbedded in the clay, at a depth of five feet from the surface."

A man who was never heard to swear an oath, sing a song, whistle a tune, or utter a prayer, and who was never intoxicated, and never had a lawsuit, has recently died in Lincoln county, Tenn., at the age of ninety-one years.

A large mass meeting of the various Trades Unions of Albany, N. Y., was held there Thursday night, to express their sympathy with the bricklayers' strike in New York. Previous to the meeting the Unions paraded the streets with hundreds of torchlights and transparencies. The procession was over a half mile long.

Gen. John A. McClernand, chairman of the Democratic State Committee of Illinois, has issued an address urging the Democrats to celebrate Thursday, September 17th, the eighty-first anniversary of the ordainment of the Federal Constitution, of which they are now the sole guardians and defenders. The address is an earnest political appeal against the Republicans, and simply invites the general assembling of Democratic mass meetings.

ASSURANCES OF PEACE.

Correspondence Between Col. Beaumont and General Forrest.

The following correspondence comes to hand too late for us to make any editorial comment upon it, if we had wished. It, however, needs none—explaining itself.

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT }
METROPOLITAN POLICE, }
MEMPHIS, TENN., sept. 10, 1868.

To the Democratic Clubs of Memphis and Shelby County;

GENTLEMEN: Sincerely desirous to see the political campaign now occupying the attention of all classes pass off without any more serious conflict than the use of hard words at long range, which are common in such contests, I have consulted with some of the leading men of your party, and requested their co-operation in my efforts to put a stop to the foolish and dangerous practice of attending political meetings armed. I have been called upon by one of your leading journals, the Memphis *Appeal*, to disarm colored citizens attending Republican meetings. This I confidently expect to be able to do without the use of force; but in order to make the duty the more easy, I respectfully call upon you to set the example of obeying the laws and quieting apprehensions of violence that now exist to a great extent in this community.

I will say to you, as I have in a written communication to prominent members of the Republican party: "I respectfully ask you to use your influence in the interest of peace. I prefer securing it by the use of soft words rather than resort to hard blows; but the laws *must be obeyed*."

The Police force will be ready at all times to protect political meetings of both parties, and will promptly arrest any person offering insult or violence, or in any way attempting to disturb meetings or processions.

These are no ordinary times, and it is the duty of every good citizen to do all in his power to prevent a collision that might result in great loss of life and destruction of property.

Hoping that your procession on Saturday night next will in some marked and unmistakable manner show the confidence of its members in the power and disposition of the Police force to prevent interference with peaceable citizens, while in the enjoyment of their undoubted right to peaceably assemble, though they be unarmed.

I am, gentlemen, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

S. B. BEAUMONT,
Superintendent Metropolitan Police.

MEMPHIS, TENN., September 11, 1868.

Col. S. B. Beaumont, Sup't Met. Police:

Sir: Your letter of the 10th instant, addressed to "the Democratic Clubs of Memphis and Shelby county," has been brought to my notice; and it being impracticable to call those clubs together, to consider your proposition, previous to the "grand Democratic demonstration," I have thought proper to reply to it myself.

I am not aware that the members of the Democratic clubs of this city have been in the habit of wearing arms when in attendance at their meetings, but it affords me pleasure to join you in your wishes and efforts to promote the public peace, and to secure tranquility on the occasion referred to, as well as all others that may hereafter occur.

If the colored men who attend Republican meetings in this city are *disarmed*, or will *disarm themselves*, during their attendance on political discussions, I think I may pledge myself in behalf of the Democratic clubs, that even if they have been accustomed heretofore to wear arms, (which I cannot say they have been,) they will refrain from doing so in the future.

I will take pleasure in recommending to the clubs, with what influence I may have, not to ling; and I think I may pledge myself that the Democracy on that evening will faithfully yield obedience to the laws, and preserve the public peace.

I, for one, shall be happy to co-operate with the police force in preventing violence and securing order. Indeed I am satisfied if the colored men will hereafter refrain from arming themselves, and cease carrying guns, pistols or knives, and displaying the same by night or by day, that the white citizens will do the same; and the canvass progress without violence or bloodshed. This is my anxious desire, and I hope that all good men will unite to promote this laudable object.

I am, very respectfully, yours,

N. B. FORREST.

SUNDAY'S ISSUE.

Our paper to-morrow will, if possible, be more interesting than that of last Sunday, so much commended by our readers and friends. In addition to the current news of the day, we will present an immense variety of Literary, Masonic and Religious matter. An extra edition will be printed, which, finding an extended circulation among the people of the country, as well as those of the city, affords unusual inducements to merchants to place before thousands their assortment, and the nature of their respective stocks of goods. Advertisers will please hand in their favors as early before 6 o'clock this evening as possible.

ANSWER TO THE BULLETIN.

The *Bulletin* seems to think that the terms of surrender at Appomatox Court House and Greensboro did not include the consent of the Southern States to resume their place in the Union with the abolition of African slavery. We are surprised at this. If this was not the fact, then the acts of his party are the more monstrous, inasmuch as in that event the abolition of slavery in the States, after a surrender not embracing it, would have been nothing less than a stupendous and unprovoked robbery. It is, perhaps, none of our business if the *Bulletin* makes its party more infamous than it really is. But in treating the questions of the day we propose to be faithful to history in stating what really was embraced in the terms of surrender, as understood by all parties at the time. If our neighbor will refer to the last provision of the terms of surrender as published by himself, he will read that the Confederate soldier bound himself to "obey the laws in force where they may reside." One of the laws in force, as claimed by the United States at the time, comprised the various proclamations of Lincoln abolishing slavery, and the acts of Congress relating thereto. It also embraced *vi termini* the supremacy of Federal authority in all the Confederate States.

It was so understood by all at the time. Our neighbor is stupid. We will suggest, that if his party would only adhere to the terms of capitulation as honorably as the Confederate soldier (of whom he intermits no opportunity to speak ill), has done, the country to-day would be at peace, and Radicalism would not be so odious in the opinion of all good men.

BRIG.-GEN. JAMES C. VEATCH.

This person, who for some months during the war was in command of this post, is up for Congress in the First District of Indiana, which embraces the town of Evansville, the home-place of the illustrious originator of the "truly loyal war militia" of this city. The conduct of this man while in command of Memphis affords the very best illustration extant of the bribery and corruption so prevalent among Federal officers of a certain stamp during the war. No sum was too small for division with him, and neither age, sex, nor condition, moral or immoral characters, were permitted to escape his cormorant clutches. Many of our merchants will remember him, and we believe many of them could add to the "infamy chapter" of his biography, as that has been written by Indiana editors of the Democratic persuasion.

The President Island affair was no secret even before his departure and final leave-taking of a community to whom he came a beggar, and whom he left possessed of a wealth ample enough to satisfy all the wants of a long and a luxurious life. Owing to the loss by fire of files of papers, of the days of his disgraceful career in Memphis, we cannot particularize any of a hundred transactions that we know can be verified by various men here, who were the victims of his tyranny and rapacity. We hope that all who can, will furnish us with the testimony of his disgraces, to be used in the honest cause of the Democracy, and with a view to enlighten the Republicans of the First Indiana District as to the character JAMES C. VEATCH made while he played the role of Autocrat of the District of Memphis. The fines and bribes extorted from those who bought out of the militia service, would make an interesting chapter in the military biography of this character.

GEN. JAMES SHIELDS.

This gallant soldier and honorable gentleman, who, after a long life, chequered by many vicissitudes, has selected Missouri as his permanent home, is now making a most vigorous and brilliant canvass as Democratic candidate for Congress in the Kansas City District of that State.

Few names occupy a higher place than his in the annals of the country. He is one of that few among our public men, of an earlier and purer school, who have survived the calamities of the last decade, to exhibit a record untarnished by the heresies and corruptions of the times, and only gaining new lustre with the accumulation of opposing adversities. A son of the Ever-green Isle who does infinite honor to his native soil—a patriot, an orator and a citizen of ripe and honest judgment, he is beloved by all who know him. GOD hasten the day when he, and such as he, shall succeed to the meanness, mediocrity, scoundrelism and rapacity that now hold "high carnival" in our National councils.

MORE SCALAWAGERIE.

A suit was commenced in the United States Court in Nashville, on Wednesday, against Gen. Geo. H. Thomas and others, who are charged with the fraudulent purchase of 45,000 acres of land in Fentress and Overton counties, which purchase was made through military intimidation of the Agent of the Chancery Court, who had custody of the property. The case is still in court.

SUPREME COURT OF TENNESSEE.

Gov nor BROWNLOW, in an editorial in his paper, (*The Knoxville Whig,*) of the 9th inst. says: "Judges of the Supreme Court should be able, impartial and patriotic men, rising above mere party politics in their decisions, *but they should be men who will stand by the State Government, and sustain the late important decisions of their predecessors.* And when we appoint a man to a seat on the Supreme bench we must understand him to fill this bill." Accordingly, knowing that he "fills the bill" in the italicised particular, he has appointed HORACE MAYNARD, author of the "iron-clad" oath and other unconstitutionalities, to assist Judge HENRY G. SMITH in holding Court in Knoxville for the months of September and October.

THE TORCH-LIGHT PROCESSION.

During the march of the Democracy to-night, we hope the citizens residing along the route will illuminate their residences, and make such other display as will add to the *coup d'oeil*. We indulge the hope that this will pale all other similar efforts in the annals of Memphis. No petty jealousies for place or position should be permitted to mar this great and significant political event. On this, as on all occasions for the public good, the "post of honor is the private station." We hope to witness a grand rally of every element of the Democratic party.

FORREST AND FORT PILLOW.

The New York *Tribune*, conducted in a spirit of which it often accuses its contemporaries,—i. e., a devilish and lying spirit—thus repeats the Fort Pillow libel upon Gen. FORREST with a view to the injury of the Democratic party:

"Fort Pillow Forrest wants to kill somebody. "He is dying for a fight. All the memories and "passions of Fort Pillow have come back to "him. The massacre of negroes in cold blood, "after they had surrendered, was not enough "to satisfy his insatiate thirst. He wants to "kill Brownlow and all the Radicals in the "South, and to make Tennessee run with the "blood of 'carpet-baggers' and 'scalawags.' "Mr. Forrest does not disguise this desire. He "is ready for war, and with him he has a well-"organized and armed Ku-Klux Klan. Let "every Democrat read his remarkable declaration as published yesterday, and then, being "fully possessed of the intention of the butcher "of Fort Pillow, let him vote, on the 3d of No-"vember, whether this bloody-minded ruffian "is to be again placed in a position where he "can bring desolation, rapine, and death upon "the people of this land."

Immediately after the war Gen. FORREST applied for a Court of Inquiry upon this matter, but the Federal officers serving in this vicinity were so well posted as that they gave no credence to the lying statements even, though vouched for by a Radical Congressional Committee. Once since that time he made a similar demand, and again in a letter which appeared in the New York *Times*. These demands have not been attended to, and it is fair to conclude the United States military authorities have never believed what the *Tribune* so unjustly and maliciously asserts. They have not even the magnanimity to speak the truth of a once gallant foeman.

RADICALISM PAINTED BY ITSELF.

From the Memphis Bulletin.]

"WANTED.

"Without delay, three or four judicious murders, to insure the passage of "the militia bill. Kuklux contractors "will push the business as rapidly as possible, as the Hon. Barbour Lewis, G. "C., will leave at once for Nashville to "instruct the Legislature with regard to "its duty in the premises.

"LET IT BE RECORDED.

"Should the bill introduced by Gen. "W. J. Smith in the State Senate become a law, the numerous members of "that charitable order known as the "'Sons of Malta' will be disqualified for "holding office in this State."

"Republicans of Shelby! if you are "content to accept the position assigned "you by the drunken loafers, the thieves "and liars, who falsely put on the cloak "of your fair name and fame and fraudulently assume to represent you, to act "with you, to be you, never again venture "to hold up your heads among gentlemen; "never again presume to ally yourselves "with the great party of liberty and progress, or to contaminate its glorious "scrolls with your dishonored names. But "if you are MEN, come out and tell these "hounds of hell that they shall not speak "for you. Tell them that you are able "to fight your own battles, and that you "will risk no more defeats by accepting "their treacherous aid. These are not "the heroes of your battles; they are "scavengers of your victorious fields."

RUMORED RETIREMENT OF GRANT.

A Washington dispatch of the 9th inst. says: "It appears that the talk some time ago about Grant's withdrawing from the Presidential canvass was not without foundation. It seems that during the month of June, before he started West, he was laboring under severe mental disorder, superinduced by the free use of stimulants. During one of these attacks of nervous prostration he actually wrote a letter declining the contest. He was hurried off to Cheyenne to put a stop to gossip. The story has leaked out, however, and now receives the addition that he will withdraw if Indiana and Pennsylvania vote the Democratic ticket in October. Grant is said to be really a Conservative at heart, and is already sick of the Radical company he is compelled to keep. The reason he does not return here is that his friends are afraid to trust him. Latterly his health has been very good."

PERSONAL.

We are happy to be able to announce to our readers that MR. R. S. SPROULE, of the Indiana *Sentinel*, will be one of the speakers this evening. He will tell us something cheering of the progress of Democracy in the Northwest.

HON. JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, JR.

This young but distinguished gentleman, and incorruptible Democrat, has just been nominated by his party for Governor of Massachusetts. There is, of course, no expectation of his election, though good ground for hoping that the Democracy, under his gallant leadership, will make a successful raid into the ranks of their enemy, and bring off some trophies, at least. They expect to elect one Congressman from Boston.

IF the Arab proverb, "curses, like young chickens, still come home to roost" is true, the Radical party will have a heavy load to bear. They have, says the Philadelphia *Age*, cursed us with war, with military despotism, with a mountain of debt, and an absorbing maelstrom of taxation that is sweeping away the earnings of the people and crushing them to the earth. They have cursed the people with disunion, intolerance, persecution and bigotry, and rendered themselves objects of malediction through their wanton war upon the Constitution and the liberties of the people.

LOOK at the result of the State elections in the North, held since the nomination of Gen. Grant:

AGAINST GRANT.

IDAHO,
OREGON,
MONTANA,
KENTUCKY,
CONNECTICUT,

FOR GRANT.

VERMONT.

THERE are good grounds to believe that the electoral vote of Wisconsin will be given to Seymour and Blair.

In 1868, the Radical majority was	28,904
In 1867, it was only	4,764
Democratic gain in the year	19,140

A similar gain during the past year would give the State to the Democrats by upwards of 14,000 majority.

BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

CONCORD, September 11.—Ex-President Pierce passed a comfortable night, and his symptoms are now favorable to his recovery.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI September 11.—A disturbance occurred this afternoon in the Cincinnati Rolling Mill, at the corner of Parsons and Front streets, between John Thompson and John Kenlen, when Thompson snatched a red hot iron rod, about six feet long, out of the forge, and ran it through Kenlen's body, killing him instantly.

VIRGINIA.

FORTRESS MONROE, September 11.—Major Palmer denies that the troops fired on the negro rioters at Hampton several days ago, as was reported, as the negroes fled before the arrival of the troops, and the original row was of a trivial nature.

Col. Moore, the President's Secretary, and a junketing party arrived here to-day in a Revenue Cutter.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, September 11.—A dispatch from St. Joseph, Mich., this evening, reports the arrival there of Capt. Brown, of the Hippocampus, and fourteen other survivors from the wreck. They report that a squall struck the vessel about 3 o'clock Tuesday morning, and she went down almost instantly. The survivors were in the water thirty-five hours, when they were picked up by a sailing vessel and carried to Saugatuck, a few miles from St. Joseph.

SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 11.—It is believed that the great tidal waves at San Pedro and along the Southern Pacific was the result of an earthquake.

Arizona advices of the 28th ult say Col. Price had held a talk with the Wallapahoe and Mohawk Indians, at Fort Mohawk, which resulted in an agreement that all the tribes should assemble in twenty days for a grand council, and in the meanwhile hostilities are to be suspended on both sides. The Wallapahoes are desirous of peace.

Col. Price is satisfied that no more outrages will be committed.

Zanum, Chief of the Wallapahoes, who was the originator of the late war, has promised to attend the council.

Parties from Prescott report the meeting of large bands of Indians with Zenum, who acted friendly. They stated that they were tired of the war.

The Indians in the neighborhood of Lopez made a raid on a ranche, taking all the stock and killing one man. It is reported that three or four miners were also killed.

FOREIGN.

BERLIN, September 11.—It is reported that Prussia will send a gunboat to the river Panama to protect the German interests there.

ST. PETERSBURG, September 11.—The death of the Emir of Bokhara is announced.

MARSEILLES, September 11.—The American bark B. Howe, with a cargo of petroleum, was badly damaged by fire last night.

LONDON, September 11.—Constantinople advices state that while the fragate Franklin was lying in the Bosphorus, a deputation of Greeks distributed an address to the officers and men, praying for assistance from the United States for the Cretans. At the suggestion of Minister Morris, Admiral Farragut ordered the copies of the address to be returned. The deputation was then received as private citizens, and no political allusions were made in the ensuing conversations.

Mr. Johnson, the American Minister, formally waited on Lord Stanley on the 9th. He will submit his credentials to the Queen on Monday next.

PESTH, September 11.—The various estates of Prince Karageogwich, in Hungary, have been confiscated in favor of Servia.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, September 11.—The *Journal's* Washington special says that Warden, the President's reporter, publishes a communication in the city papers this morning, in which he comments upon General Meade's report of the Ashburn murder trial, wherein the Georgia satrap is handled without gloves, and is made to appear in no enviable light.

Robert W. Johnson, ex-Senator from Arkansas, is in the city, and intends forming a law copartnership with Albert Pike, who will also reside here.

Commander Jefferson, who has just arrived from Liberia, says that the leading members of that government are of the opinion that enfranchising emancipated negroes is injudicious. They are not allowed to vote there until they are educated.

The Radical committee in this city are very much alarmed about Tennessee. The divisions in the Brownlow party are said to be hopeless, unless outside pressure and money can be brought to bear upon them. A distinguished Republican Congressman from Pennsylvania will start for Knoxville in a few days to confer with Brownlow, as strong letters have been written to Radicals at Nashville. The feeling in the Radical circles is adverse to the militia bill. They say it will make capital for the Democrats all over the North. The President continues to speak hopefully of the prospect, and promises his official intervention if necessary.

ST. LOUIS.

ST LOUIS, September 11.—The *Republican* has a special from Fort Wallace, Kansas, which says about 100 Cheyennes appeared within two miles of Sheridan about daybreak this morning, a small portion of whom made a dash into the southern portion of the town within 300 yards of the depot and stole one horse. They then joined the main body and moved off together in the direction of the buttes, a mile and a half west of Sheridan, where they captured several Mexicans and killed three men. They then left in a northeasterly direction, carrying off fifty head of cattle and six horses. Two scouts sent here by the Governor of Colorado arrived yesterday, they report the Indians at nearly all the settlements southeast of Denver, as far as Reid's Springs. The settlers were suffering very much. Over five hundred head of stock had been carried off during the past week, and twenty or more settlers killed and scalped. The Denver coach, which arrived this afternoon, was detained by the Indians, and driven back to Big Timber. Yesterday evening the Indians were reported from two hundred to three hundred strong at Sand Creek, three miles east of Big Timbers. Advices from Fort Lyon to the 9th instant, state that Gen. Penrose and a company of Cavalry had a fight two miles from the Fort, on the 8th, killing four Indians and having two men killed and two wounded. About 10 o'clock to-day the pickets discovered two small bands of Indians about two miles northeast of this post, moving westward.

On Sunday night last, a harness-maker named Cook, living in Centralia, Illinois, was robbed of $9,000 in greenbacks, by burglars. $2700 in gold was left by the thieves.

The charter election at Alton, Ills., on Tuesday, resulted in a Democratic victory, all the Democratic candidates on the city ticket being elected but one. They also have a majority in the Board of Aldermen. The vote was larger than usual, and shows Democratic gains.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, September 11.—The Tennessee Legislative Committee had an interview of an hour and a half with the President, this morning. The reporters were not admitted, and no particulars could be obtained additional to the fact that the Chairman, Mr. Weisner, read to the reporters an address they had prepared since their arrival here, in which they set forth a series of grievances based on the report of outrages, recently made to the Legislature. They say the statements therein are sustained by proof. They add: "In behalf of our respective Houses, we urge you to send as early as possible—the sooner the better—a sufficient Federal force to our State, to aid the civil authorities, and act with them in suppressing these wrongs," and in bringing to trial the guilty parties, and in giving assurance that all the laws will be enforced, crime punished and protection furnished such officers and citizens as may attempt to execute the laws. The Legislature of Tennessee in sending us to make this request, did so on the ground that she is a part of the great American Union contributing to the support of the common government, enjoying its benefits and blessings, and they were asking of the Government of the United States, that which they believe they had a right, under the Constitution, to expect.

The report is signed by Wm. H. Weisner, on the part of the Senate, and Thos. A. Hamilton and J. H. Agee, on the part of the House.

The President then gave his views and the parties entered into a conversation fully canvassing the political affairs of Tennessee.

After the Committee took leave of the President they were interrogated by reporters as to what had taken place, but they replied that from what was said by the President they were not at liberty to communicate anything further than that were received kindly, and that the interview was satisfactory as far as it went, though there was no definite conclusion reached.

The Committee are to have another interview with the President, and they will themselves telegraph to the Tennessee Legislature the result of their action.

Mr. Edward Thornton, the British Minister, called at the White House this morning and had a short interview with the President.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 11.—An epidemic something like a scarlet fever is prevailing among the children, and over a hundred critical cases are reported.

In January last an errand boy named Morgan Stevenson, in the employ of A. R. White, a broker on Wall street, was robbed of $1160 in gold, which he was carrying to the bank, by a man who threw snuff in his eyes and fled with the money. On Wednesday Morgan and another boy was arrested for a bold robbery in Brooklyn, and yesterday Morgan acknowledged that he was an accomplice in the robbery in January last. He says that it was a made up thing between himself and the robber, and that he received two hundred and fifty dollars of the spoils.

Four men are reported to have been gored to death on the Battery by a mad bull this morning.

By a freshet in South Jersey last week, property in Camden county, was damaged to the extent of $80,000, in Gloucester $100,000, and in Salem over $100,000. The loss to the owners of mill property will not fall short of $300,000.

The Ward brothers' challenge to the world for a four-oared race has been accepted by the New Brunswick crew, who were victorious at the International Regatta, at Paris. The latter propose that the race be rowed six weeks hence, on the Connecticut river, at Springfield.

Advices from the City of Mexico, to the 5th inst., state that the rebellion in Puebla had been put down, and that Lucas and Batalla, who surrendered at discretion, were condemned to death.

Two and a half millions in specie had arrived at Vera Cruz.

The anniversary of the battle between the American and Mexican armies, at Churubu co, had been celebrated on August 20th, with great solemnity, on the field where the engagement had taken place.

Uraga has issued a manife to renouncing Juarez. An American named Pierce who was maltreated at Cordova, had applied for redress to Mr. Plumb.

A town under a covering of lava, like Pompeii, has been discovered near Caolaco.

The rebels at Tetala and San Miguel have also been defeated. Negrete, Prieto and Dominquez escaped.

The President has ordered the arrest and trial of Gen. Cantro for the assassination of Patoni.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, September 11.—Cotton dull, heavy and lower; sales 600 bales; uplands 26¾@27c. Flour, superfine, State and Western $7@8. Whisky 70@71c. Wheat, white, Southern $2 42@2 45; Red steady. Coffee firmer, Rio 13@13½c. Sugar, Cuba 10¾@12c. Molasses in moderate request. Corn 81 1/2@1 22½c.

Dry Goods—Heavy brown sheetings 16@16½c; brown drills 18c; bleached muslins sightly lower, Kearsage, Satin Jeans and Noumkeag 19c.

Money market easy; call loans 5@6c; sterling quiet and unchanged; gold 44¾@44¾; old Tennessees 70¾; new do 70¾.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, September 11.—Cotton in moderate demand; middlings 24½; sales 827 bales; receipts 1626; week's sales 5570; receipts 6686; exports 2012; stock 8720. Sterling 5@5¾. New York sight par. Gold 43¾. Sugar, demand good; prices unchanged. Molasses nominal, only Cuban on hand. Flour firmer, superfine $7 25; higher grades quiet. Corn scarce and firm $1 07@1 15. Oats steady. Bran scarce and firm $1 35. Hay dull; 1500 bales of New York sold at $30; Ohio river $24. Pork firm $30. Bacon steady, shoulders 14c, clear sides 18c. Lard firm, tierces 20¾c; keg 22½c.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, September 11.—Tobacco quiet, sales 38 hhds; lugs to medium leaf $6@13. Flour, superfine $7; No. 1 $10. Wheat $1 80@1 90. Corn in bulk 90@95c. Oats 52c. Rye $1 30. Kentucky Bagging, 2 1/8, 21½@22c. Maceline Rope 9¾c. Pork $30. Bacon, shoulders 13½c; clear rib sides 16½c; clear sides 17¾c, packed. Lard 19@19¾c for tierces.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, September 11.—Flour dull; family $8@9 50. Wheat $1 93. Corn 97@98c. Oats 55c. Whisky, bonded 6 c. Pork $29@29 25. Lard 19¾c. Bulk shoulders 13¾c; sides 14c. Bacon, shoulders 13c; sides 19¾@19¾; hams 20@21c. Butter 33@37c. Eggs 17c. Flaxseed $2 00. Clover Seed $15. Timothy $4. Coffee 24@26c.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, September 11.—Tobacco market unchanged. Flour, superfine $5 50@6. Wheat firmer and prices unchanged. Corn 95@81. Oats 54@56c. Pork $29@29 25. Bacon, shoulders 13c; sides 16½@17c. Lard 19¾@20c. Whisky $1 35.

Foreign Markets.

LIVERPOOL, September 11.—Cotton closed flat at a decline of ⅛d; Uplands 10¾d; Orleans 10¾d. Sales 10,000 bales.

LONDON, September 11.—Consols closed at 94. U. S. 5 20s 72.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

St. Andrew's Society.

A SPECIAL meeting is called to meet at Dr. Sterling's office, at the corner of Main and Jefferson, at 4 p m. This Evening, for the transaction of important business.

sep12 1t J. LESLIE, President.

10th Ward Democratic Club, No. 2.

THE members of this Club are requested to meet at their headquarters, this Saturday Evening, 12th, at 6 o'clock, to take part in the torchlight Procession.

sep12 1t H. A. GARVEY, R. S.

Second Ward Democratic Club.

ALL citizens in the Second Ward who are disposed to do so, are invited to join the procession with the Second Ward Democratic Club, which will meet at their hall, on Poplar street, where torches, etc, will be furnished.

sep12 1t

Tenth Ward Democratic Club.

THE members of the Tenth Ward Club will meet at their hall, at 12 o'clock to-day. It is hoped that there will be a full attendance, as business of importance will be transacted.

By order of the President.

sep12 1t A. J. HAYS, Sec'y.

Sixth Ward Democratic Club.

THE members of the Sixth Ward Democratic Club are requested to meet at their hall, this Saturday evening, at 7 o'clock, as we are to form procession there. By order of the President.

Ledger please copy. sep12 1t

8th Ward Democrats, Attention!

ALL Democrats of our ward who are desirous of participating in the Grand Democratic Procession this night, are respectfully invited to meet us at 7 o'clock, at our Hall, adjoining Taylor & Co.'s Drug Store. Every member of the Club is requested to be present, as we should feel interested in the representation.

sep12 1t JOS. W. SMITHER, Sec'y.

Young Men's Seymour Club.

THE Young Men's Independent Seymour Club will form at 7 o'clock This Evening, on Monroe street, west of Second street head of column resting on Second street, in order to participate in the procession. Let there be a full turnout. Torches will be provided. The public generally are invited to participate with the Club. The wagons and tableaux are requested to report to Vice President Smith, at 9 Monroe street, at 6½ o'clock.

By order of the President.

sep12 1t W. E. BUNSING, Sec'y.

Attention, Fifth Ward Dem. Club.

THE members of the Fifth Ward Democratic Club will meet promptly at their Hall, on Main street,

This Saturday Evening, at 7 O'clock.

All the members of the Club are expected to turn out promptly, and take part in the Torchlight Procession.

By order of the President.

sep12 1t JOHN D. BEAIRD, Marshal.

NOTICE.

THE officers of the congregation, corner of Main and Exchange, will be at the Synagogue Sunday, 13th inst, from 3 to 5 o'clock p.m., in order to sell seats to non-members during the Holidays.

CHAS. SHLOSS, Sec'y.

Ledger copy 1t sep12 2t

First Ward, Attention!

THE Grand Democratic Torchlight Procession and Mass Meeting takes place Saturday, the 12th inst., at 7½ p.m. The citizens of this Ward, without distinction of race or color, especially the members of the Club, are cordially solicite l to gather on that evening, at 7 o'clock, at No. 4 Engine house. There the procession will be formed, and torches and transparencies distributed. It is hoped the old and true "First" will not suffer itself to be out done in point of display, and especially numbers.

JOHN O'CONNOR, Marshal.

Attest: E. S. GOLDSMITH, Secretary. sep12

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sep6 1m

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Office---No. 13 Jefferson Street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily	3:00 p.m.	3:05 p.m.
Sardis accom'n, daily, except Sunday	8:30 a.m.	5:00 p.m.
Freight, (North Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; South, Monday, Wednesday and Friday)	4:15 p.m.	7.00 a.m.

Take effect Sunday, August 16, 1868.
A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY Gen. Ticket Ag't. au16

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail (daily)	6:20 p.m.	12:40 p.m
Through Express	10:40 p.m.	11:30 p.m

(This train does not leave Saturdays.)
Corinth Accommodation, daily, (except Sundays) at 6:00 a.m
Somerville Accommodation daily (except Sunday) 8:25 a.m. 5:10 p.m
Railroad Time is 20 minutes faster than city time.
Ticket office, 278 Main street and at Depot.
W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE
Day Express	6:40 a.m.	3:40 p.m.
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Ticket offices No. 237½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.
SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

CITY MATTERS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Hereafter individual bills of any Employee of this paper will not be allowed as an offset against accounts due us. And no bill will be paid unless contracted by our authority.

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ED. J. MANSFORD,
Sup't. Circulation.

THANKS to our ever prompt friend Cross for the latest news.

THE Nicholson pavement on Poplar street was finished Thursday.

MISS KATIE WARE HARRIS represents the Goddess of Liberty in the procession this evening.

THE FESTIVAL of St. Peter's school was postponed on account of the grand parade to-night.

THE largest pears ever grown in Tennessee have been for sale on the fruit stands for several days past.

THE FALL MEETING of the Memphis Racing Association takes place on the 4th of November.

THE vast volume of water that fell on Thursday night swelled the Bayou into a deep and rushing torrent.

THE Central Park picnic, was yesterday again postponed on account of the weather. Thursday, the 24th, is now the day appointed.

LARGE numbers of the Knights Templar, who intend participating in the grand Masonic conclave at St. Louis, leave to-day.

THE CENTRAL CLUB meets this evening at seven o'clock—an hour earlier than usual. A prompt and full attendance is requested.

BARBERS all over town have come down to fifteen cents for shaving, and in some shops ten cents only is charged. Why cannot the saloons follow the example?

VAST preparations are being made by everybody throughout the city for the Great Democratic demonstration to-night. Candles and fireworks are at a premium.

TWENTY-FIVE packages choice Western Reserve butter received to-day and for sale by J. DeVoto, corner Third and Adams streets. sept2 3t

DIRTY STREETS AND ALLEYS.—Many of the streets and alleys of our city are very filthy just now. Won't the Commissioner take notice and govern himself accordingly?

THE Chancellor yesterday granted the bankrupters who had applied for it, an injunction restraining the Board of Police Commissioners and Tax Collector from interfering, with them.

ARKANSAS mails now reach us much more regularly, and several hours earlier than formerly. Col. J. T. Shideler lately came through from Little Rock to Memphis in twenty-seven hours.

THE newly paved streets should be thoroughly cleaned immediately. The debris remaining on them impeded the drainage to such an extent night before last that in some places they were almost impassable.

NOTICE.—All assistant marshals of the grand demonstration to-night are requested to meet the Grand Marshal, Gen. Forrest, at Stillman Hall, this (Saturday) morning at ten o'clock precisely.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—At the Main street Synagogue this morning, the Rev. S. Taska will answer the novel query: "*Can a Christian go to Heaven?*" according to the Talmud and other Rabbinical authorities. Services commence at 8½ o'clock.

QUICK TIME.—Passengers for Little Rock can now make the trip in twenty-seven hours from Memphis, going by rail to Madison, and by stage from thence to Pine Bluff, where a train is again taken to Little Rock.

A POUND is needed in Memphis quite as much as a workhouse. Hogs, cows, goats and other domestic animals, are to be seen walking around loose in any street of the city, giving it a truly rural appearance.

DURING the procession to-night let house keepers lookout for thieves. The Democrats will all be in procession and a rare chance will be offered to rascals during their absence from home.

LEIDY as a tiler beats Teddy the famous. He has the fullest, latest, newest handsomest stock of hats of anybody in the city, at every price, from fifty cents up to a hundred dollars.

JOE LOCKE is still running a news stand in the *Avalanche* building. He is known to keep on hand always the choicest of periodic reading matter of all sorts—daily, weekly and monthly—reading gi ft every day in the week. Go and see him.

THE weather yesterday was shower and sunshine. About 2 o'clock a.m. the most terrific rain commenced falling, and continued until after eleven, when it failed off and the sun shone out. Occasional showers, however, continued to fall throughout the day.

CYRENE COMMANDERY.—At a meeting of Cyrene Commandery held at their Asylum last evening it was ascertained that a majority of the Sir Knights will leave this evening on the City of Alton, arriving in St. Louis Monday night. All the Sir Knights who intend going by boat will do well to engage berths early.

THE POPULAR Leubrie Brothers have purchased the stand and fixtures of Rossfield's cigar store, northwest corner of Third and Jefferson streets, opposite the Postoffice. They will open it in a few days as a first-class cigar store, second to none in the city—not even to their own beautiful little emporium on Main street. We shall be glad to see them "open up," and hope they will succeed.

SUNSETS.—In no part of the world could a more gorgeous and beautiful sunset scene have been witnessed than was accorded to Memphians last evening. Artists and students of art, and lovers of the beautiful, who yearly leave our shores to go to Italy and the Levant, to study nature in her beauty and grandeur, could find no more glorious and exquisite a scene than that from the bluff yesterday evening.

CRICKETT.—At a meeting held on Thursday night, of the members of the St. George and the Chelsea Cricket clubs, it was agreed to fuse the two clubs into one, under the name of the Bluff City Cricket Club. The following officers were elected to serve during the ensuing year: President, C. Nourse; Vice President, Atwood; Secretary, G. Watkins; Treasurer, J. W. Sails; Committee of Management, Wilson, Handwerker and Hawkins; Field Captain, C. A. Bartliff.

THE GRAND PROCESSION.—We learn that Gov. Isham G. Harris has been appointed President of the meeting this evening. Of the list of Vice Presidents we have heard the names of Gen Gideon J. Pillow, Hon. W. T. Avery, Hon. D. R. McRae, Col. Tyler, Col. Gallaway, Capt. Mathes and Mr. Thompson. We learn that several distinguished gentlemen have been invited to be present—among them Gen. F. W. Blair, Gen. Pike, Gen. Featherston, Ex-Gov. Neil S. Brown, Col. Gantt and Landon C. Haynes.

THE TWELFTH.

Grand Democratic Demonstration to Come off on Saturday Night.

The Committee of Arrangements and Marshals have adopted the following organization and line of march for the great demonstration to take place on Saturday night, the 12th inst.; the Clubs to form at places designated, and be ready to march at half-past seven o'clock p.m.:

Band,
To form on Second street, south of Jefferson.

Car of Liberty,
With escort of Blair Knights; to form in rear of Band.

Feast of Purim,
With escort of Blair Knights; to form in rear of above.

Young Men's Independent Democratic Club,
To form on Madison street, west of Second street.

Central Club,
To form on Second street, south of Madison st.

Independent Seymour Club,
To form on Monroe street, west of Second st.

Tableau, with Union and Confederate Soldiers,
To form in rear of Independent Seymour Club.

Greenwood Club,
To form on Madison street, east of Second st.

Young Men's Bluff City Club,
To form on Madison street, east of Second st

Omnibuses and Carriages,
To form around Court Square, headed on second street and South Court street.

1st, 2d and 4th Ward Clubs,
To form on Jefferson street, east of Second st.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad Democratic Club,
Will form opposite New Memphis Theatre.

Steamboatmen's Club and Firemen,
To form on Jefferson street, west of Second st.

5th, 6th, 7th and 8th Ward Clubs,
To form on Adams street, east of Second street.

10th Ward Clubs, Nos. 1 and 2,
To form on Adams street, west of Second street.

District Clubs—Hoppertown and Springdale Clubs,
To form on Washington street, west of Second street.

Nicholson Pavment, 9th Ward, and Colored Clubs, and all Draymen Teamsters,
To form on Poplar street, east of Second street.

DeSoto Boat Club,
To form on Washington st, West of Second st.

Mounted Clubs from the Country,
To form on Poplar street, west of Second street.

The Clubs forming on Poplar street, east of Second street, to report to Col. B. B. Waddell, Assistant Marshal, for orders.

The Grand Marshal to wear Red Sash.
The Assistant Marshals to wear Blue Sash.
The Club Marshals to wear White Sash.
All the Marshals to be mounted.

Grand Marshal—Gen. N. B FORREST.

ASSISTANT MARSHALS.

Col. Moses White,	Col. Irving Halsey,
Col. M. Magevney,	Capt. E. L. Hamlin,
Capt. J. W. Cachran,	Capt. Geo. Mellersh,
Edward Anderson.	

And other Marshals appointed by the Young Men's Independent Democratic Club are invited to come forward and take their places.

Colonel J. J. DuBOSE, at the request of General Forrest, has consented to take charge of the Mounted Clubs from the country.

Young Ladies Representing Different States.

TENNESSEE	Nellie Smith
INDIANA	da Armstrong
TEXAS	Anna Lumpkin
PENNSYLVANIA	Hattie Coulns
VIRGINIA	Nellie Kimball
ALABAMA	ora Ashe
CALIFORNIA	Kate Poston
NEBRASKA	Maggie Ashe
KANSAS	da Smith
WISCONSIN	Sora Bell Avery
MISSISSIPPI	Stella Specht
NEW YORK	Kate Kirk
GEORGIA	Mollie Taylor
MARYLAND	Knoxie Pickett
LOUISIANA	mma Word
DELAWARE	Jennie Specht
KENTUCKY	Lady Rachus
ARKANSAS	Minnie Pullen
NORTH CAROLINA	Lillie Saunders
NEW HAMPSHIRE	Clara Smith
OHIO	Eloise McPherson
SOUTH CAROLINA	Julia Morgan
FLORIDA	Mattie McEWEN
MISSOURI	E tha Morgan
NEW JERSEY	Gulla Delcneech
WEST VIRGINIA	Nellie Owens
VERMONT	Annis Pickett
ILLINOIS	Willie Smith
MICHIGAN	Emma Mitchell
IOWA	Lillie Wray
MAINE	Lida Specht
OREGON	Fannie Cartwright
MINNESOTA	Mary Belle Childs
CONNECTICUT	Henry Childs
MASSACHUSETTS	Louisa Coleman
RHODE ISLAND	Camelia McPherson

LINE OF MARCH.

Up Second street to Winchester, through Winchester to Main, down Main to Trezevant, through Trezevant to Shelby, up Shelby to the stand between Monroe and Madison, on the bluff.

ALL LADIES

Are invited to attend, and those wishing conveyances will find them at Court Square.

The following gentlemen have been added to the Committee on Reception, and will be at the stand to attend to the wants of the ladies:

Col. J. H. Edmondson, Robert Hamner,
W. K. Poston, Capt. W. H. Forrest,
Capt. Sam Finley, Capt. E. A. Levy,
John Gibson.

A BOHEMIAN.

What the Correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial Says of Himself.

The editor of the Trenton (Tenn.) *Gazette* has had an "interview" with the strolling Bohemian who is the sensational Tennessee correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, and who has of late been making himself notorious by the very lying letters to that paper, in which he details minutely interviews and travels with General Forrest, which had no existence, save in his own imagination. The following is an extract from the *Gazette's* description of the interview:

"He (Woodward) informed us that he had been much of the time since the surrender, at or Nasnville, and was as familiar with the legislation of the State as any one connected with it. He informed us that he drew up, himself, the railroad bill of the last session of the Legislature, known as the omnibus bill, and that he has prepared most of the speeches made by the members during the session. He said that he prepared for, and at the request of Thomas A. Hamilton, the speech made by him against the omnibus bill, for which he, the said Hamilton, paid him twenty-five dollars.

Woodward seemed to entertain a poor opinion of our Legislature and its capacity. He also said that he had examined all the Tennessee muster rolls in the Federal army, and that nine-twentieths of the men signed their names with an X. We give these facts in order to show the opinion of a member of the Radical press North of our present rulers and the character of those who have fastened upon us a despotism that he even has a contempt for.

The Nashville *Banner*, in copying the above and speaking of the "peripatetic Bohemian," as it calls Woodward, says he is "an individual of pliable politics. Now he is a rampant Radical, and anon he is writing furious anti-Jacobin letters for Conservative newspapers. Last summer he was ventilating Radicalism through the columns of the *National Intelligencer*. This summer he is on an opposite track, through the channel of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, taking care, however, in his wanderings, to accommodate himself to persons and localities—while in Rome to do as Romans do."

He is but a type of the genus scalawag, as exemplified in all the trades and professions of life, "all things to all men, and supplying for nothing."

TRAINS were delayed several hours, last evening, on the Memphis and Ohio Railroad, by the washing away of a trestle this side of the Shelby station. The damage will be repaired by this evening, and everything working smoothly again.

PATRONS OF THE APPEAL will remember that we issue a paper every day—SEVEN PER WEEK—at the same price as formerly charged for SIX, twenty-five cents per week, delivered in any portion of the city.

STREET CROSSINGS.—On some of the unpaved streets the crossings are in a very dilapidated condition. We make the suggestion to the proper parties that they be thoroughly repaired, in preparation for the fall and winter rains. The Aldermen of the Eighth, Ninth and Tenth Wards should take notice.

ATTENTION, BLAIR KNIGHTS!—The members of this mounted organization will form on the corner of Court and Third streets, Saturday evening, at half-past six o'clock precisely. It is expected that each member will have a torch and miniature flag, which have been reserved for this organization at Podesta & Cazassa's, under Odd Fellow's Hall.

PHIL. T. ALLIN, Commanding.

J. F. DOWDY, ESQ.—The attention of our readers is called to the card of this gentleman, which will be found in another column. One of our old cotton factors, he knows the wants of his patrons as well, probably, as they do themselves and fills all orders with promptness, while his knowledge of cotton begins with the seed and its cultivation. Call on him, at No. 264 Front street.

THE CONTEMPT CASE.

Judge Hunter Sustained by Judge Lee.

'Squire Hall Remanded to Jail.

Some days ago we announced to our readers that Justice Hall had been arrested and committed to jail by an order from Judge Hunter, for refusing to pay a fine and costs—some thirteen dollars—imposed on him for contempt of Court, in refusing to testify in the Cosgrove case.

The night that the order was made consigning Justice Hall to jail, a writ of habeas corpus was sued out by his attorney, and he was released on bond until the case could be heard. Yesterday the case came up for trial, and Judge Lee, after hearing the arguments, dismissed it, issuing the following order, and remanding the prisoner to jail:

STATE OF TENNESSEE—To the Sheriff of Shelby, County, Greeting:

WHEREAS, It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that a subpœna was on the 15th day of July, A. D. 1868, issued by the Clerk of this Court and placed in the hands of A. P. Curry, Sheriff of Shelby county, ordering him to summon James Hall to appear before the Judge of the Criminal Court of Memphis to testify on behalf of the defendant in the case of the state of Tennessee vs Jonn Cosgrove, indictment for murder; and it further appearing that said subpœna was duly returned by the said Sheriff, indorsed "executed," on the said James Hall; and he, the said James Hall, having wholly failed to appear and testify as required by said summons, on motion of the Attorney-General, an attachment was awarded to bring the said Hall before the Criminal Court to testify as aforesaid, which said attachment was directed to, and returned by the Sheriff of Shelby county, indorsed, "Come to hand 17th day of July, 1868; executed by making known to said James Hall, Esq., the contents of the within, who refused to open the door, thereby refusing to obey the within process, July 17, 1868. A. P. Curry, Sheriff. John Downs, D. S." And thereupon on the following July 18, 1868, for refusing to obey said process, the defendant being present in open court, the court fined the said James Hall the sum of $10 and also all costs in this behalf expended.

These are, therefore, to command you that you take the body of the said James Hall and the same safely keep in the county jail of Shelby county until he has paid the amount of the fine and the costs aforesaid.

Herein fail not, due return make of how you have executed this writ, this 7th day of September, 1868.

Witness my hand at office, this 7th day of September, 1868. HUGH L. FOX, Clerk.

R. S. CAPERS, D. C.

Friends offered the Justice to pay the fine for him, but he refused to allow them, and was escorted to jail, where he will remain until he changes his mind.

We understand that 'Squire Hall gives as his reason for refusing to pay the assessment, that Mr. John Donovan is still indebted to him for costs in State cases, tried before him (Hall) when Donovan was Clerk; and further declares that he will not settle his fine until Donovan is made to settle with him. We understand, also, that Pat Winters, Esq., and Marcus J. Wright, Esq., have made a motion, which is now pending, to compel a disbursement of these funds, and that the matter has been put in the hands of D. H. Poston, Esq., of the firm of Poston, Humes & Scott, for adjustment, to be returned at the next term of court, on the second Monday in October.

GEN. FORREST.

Letter to an Ex-Staff Officer.

The Nashville *Banner* of Friday says: The following correspondence between Gen. Forrest and a late member of his staff, residing in Nashville, with regard to a subject which has attracted so much public attention during the past few days, will be read with peculiar interest:

NASHVILLE, TENN., September 5, 1868.

Gen. N. B. Forrest, Memphis, Tenn.:

My Dear General: We were all very much surprised here to notice in the papers a purported conversation between yourself and a correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, on the state of affairs in Tennessee. Having been associated with you so long, and knowing your discretion and good sense so well, and the deep interest you take in our country's welfare, we are unwilling to believe the statements as published as coming from you, but feel confident you have been grossly misrepresented, and hope soon to receive something definite from you on the subject.

The *policy* of speech-making and conversational expressions by our leading Southern Generals on the political situation, as published in the papers, is very much questioned by the people throughout the country where I've been, and I regret to see that in almost every radical paper, political capital is made out of some perverted remark made by our leading Southern men. You, above all, having been quiet, especially since your Brownsville speech, and we hoped that you would remain so, at least until after the election. Hoping soon to hear from you, I remain,

Very respectfully,

MEMPHIS, September 7, 1868.

Dear Sir: Your favor of the 5th inst. has been received. I write to you on yesterday, stating the facts in regard to the letter in the Cincinnati *Commercial*, and I will send you a copy of a note of the correspondent (Woodward), in which he admits that he may have misunderstood what I said to him, and promises to correct the misstatements of his letter. His letter purports to have been written in my presence, and pretends to give a detailed report of a long conversation with me—but the fact is that neither of these propositions is true. The letter was not written in my presence, and although he promised to show it to me, so that I might have an opportunity to correct any errors before it was sent off, he utterly failed to do so, and I had no knowledge what the letter contained until I saw it in print. Any report of what I really said to him, it is incorrect in many important particulars. It puts statements in my mouth which I never made—and it colors others so as to change their meaning entirely.

For instance, I said to him in regard to the Ku-Klux Klan, that I knew nothing positively of its organization, strength or objects, but that as I was informed that its purpose was the protection of the people from injury and insolence, and that I was, so far at least, in sympathy with it. All true other assertions in regard to this organization which he has put into my mouth were derived from some other person, or is the fabrication of his own brain.

I said to him further, that I did not think that the single fact of calling out the militia would bring on a civil war in this State, provided that the militia acted in accordance with the existing laws of the State and the dictates of reason and humanity; but that if they attempted to carry out the views of the Governor, as I understood them, by shooting down all men whom they might choose to suspect of belonging to the Ku-Klux Klan, or any other organization, and if the Governor should proclaim martial law in any part of the State and attempt to enforce it, then, that in such a state of affairs civil war would be inevitable, and that the people would rise up to defend them to such outrages and usurpations. And that in this event, I thought that 60,000 or 70,000 men in the State would rise to defence of their rights. I did not, however, mention the K.-Klux Klan in this connection—in fact, I was very cautious in what I said to Woodward on this or other subjects, as I suspected that he would not report me fairly. I am satisfied now that he was sent here for the purpose of drawing me into a conversation, so that he might misrepresent what I said, and thus make some political capital out of it. I regret that I allowed him to talk to me at all, but I cannot feel that I am responsible for this misrepresentation, of which he has been guilty. If all that I have said on political questions was reported correctly, I think there would be nothing found in it which would injure the Democratic party, or the interests of the South. I have, however, in all cases attempted to speak only for myself, and no party or person is responsible for what I may have said. While I think that many of the present laws of this State are unconstitutional, I am, and have ever been, ready to support and obey them, believing as I do that it will be better to submit to them for a time than to attempt to resist them until they can be rejected by legitimate legislation.

I am, very truly, yours,
N. B. FORREST.

THE committee for the decoration of Liberty Car: Mrs. Miles Owen, Mrs. Minor Meriwether, Mrs. F. R. Lanier, Mrs. Bronson Bayliss, Miss Fannie Melloy, Miss Fair Harris, Goddess of Liberty, Miss Kate Ware Harris. This committee, together with the young ladies representing the States, are urgently requested to meet promptly at 6 o'clock on the evening of the demonstration, at the residence of Mrs. Miles Owen, corner Madison and Third streets.

Gent's Dress Hats, the best in the city, at Leidy's, opposite the square, No. 269

THE PURIM FEAST, or the "feast of Lots," which is observed by the Hebrews in commemoration of their race from the machinations of Haman, commences to-day. This is one of the highest festivals among the Jews, and is celebrated by them with great pomp and rejoicings. Our Hebrew fellow-citizens have made great preparations for a gay time, and we hope that they will enjoy themselves.

GENTLEMEN desiring to join the "Blair Knights" in the procession to-night, will report to Capt. Sam. C. Weaver at the Memphis and Charleston Railroad office, corner of Court and Main streets, who will provide them with hats and instruction as to uniform.

PHIL. T. ALLIN.

For a genuine Beaver Hat go to Leidy & Co.'s, opposite the square, No. 269 Main street.

PASCHALL HOUSE.—At the request of Judge P. S. Lanham, manager of the Paschall House drawing, I have appointed the following named gentlemen, from Memphis, to assist in the drawing and distribution of prizes on the 8th day of October: H. S. King, 321 Second street; R. N. Blakemore, 212 Front street; W. H. Passmore, Second street. These gentlemen, all being old merchants, and well-known here and abroad, will add confidence to this already popular scheme. I have a fresh supply of tickets from headquarters, and will be pleased to see all who wish to get rich within the next thirty days. E. S. PLUMMER,
First Agent for Memphis, 212 Front street.
wfs

We keep the best and latest styles. Leidy & Co., Hatters, 269 Main street, opposite the square.

THE COURTS.

CRIMINAL COURT—*Wm. Hunter Judge.* No business of importance was transacted yesterday. The Clerk will have the minutes ready for signing to-day, when an adjournment will be had to Court in course.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge.*—Motions were heard on yesterday and Court adjourned over to next Monday.

The cases set for trial on Monday are as follows:

791 Hooks et al vs Hughes.
427 Hampton vs McCombs.
490 Cohen vs Robinson.
498 Wyatt vs Dickenson.
502 Williams et al vs Guest.
540 Montgomery vs Kupperschmidt.
857 Bullock et al vs Hughes.
786 Smith vs Crenshaw.
887 McKinney et al vs Miller.
892 Briggs et al vs Groves.
913 Buruitt vs Taylor et al.
891 Graham & Co. vs Bielock & Co.
939 Westbrook, adm'r, vs Edgington, adm'r.
949 DeSoto Bank vs Citizens Union Bank.
961 Quackenbush vs Russell, Groves & Co.
975 Prayser vs Frankland.
979 Goupel vs Hanauer.
940 Walker Bros & Co vs Brown et al.
981 Same vs Same.
962 Zanone vs Cuneo.
988 Rush vs Shelton.
984 Shelton vs Shelton.
992 Schoolfield vs Carver.
994 Same vs Moore.
995 Siddle & Co vs Rose.
997 Schoonover vs Flaherty.
999 Union Bank of Tenn vs Brinkley et al.
1000 Folwell vs McRae et al.
1001 Briggs et al vs Finnie.
1003 Duncan vs Valentine Ex'r.
1004 Briggs et al vs Rankin.
1009 Cochran & Co vs Krauss & Co.
1011 Strauss vs Wesche.

The habeas corpus case of The State vs. Lucarino was continued until two o'clock Monday evening. The defendant was arrested and tried by the Police Commissioners, for doing business without license, and sentenced to a fine of $50, and on failure to pay the same, was sent to the City Workhouse for one hundred days. The charge was that the City Tax Collector demanded the sum of $150 for license, which the defendant refused to pay, believing the law required only $75. The Tax Collector refusing to grant license, the defendant was arrested by the police for not having the same. There are several other cases of this description before the court.

CHANCERY COURT—*A. Alston, Clerk and Master.*—Attorneys calling at the Chancery office will please look in the letter box for letters and circulars addressed to them on official business. To-day the Clerk and Master will take an account in the case of Felts vs. Felts.

MUCH FUSS AND NO WOOL.—Three shots were fired in rapid succession last night, shortly after midnight, in Centre Alley, close by the APPEAL job office. On proceeding to the spot we found private watchman, Hendrix, had been shooting at a burglar who had been trying all the evening to obtain an entrance into the rear of Merken's dry goods store. As soon or as before, Mr. Hendrix succeeded in capturing a negro boy who was evidently on the same mission, and carried him to the station house. He found in his possession a large lot of cigars which he had evidently stolen elsewhere. The two were confederates, and it is to be regretted the second had not been overtaken by one of the bullets.

Hats—the best in the city at Leidy & Co.'s, 269 Main street, opposite the square.

HERNANDO ROAD.—People wanting family supplies will do well by calling on S. M. Guest, just south of South street. He sells cheap for cash. s.11 1w

Our fall styles of Hats, in quality and styles, are unequalled. Leidy & Co., 269 Main street, opposite the square.

CONFECTIONERIES.—Go to August Berton, corner of Poplar and Fourth streets, for good cakes, candies, and a No. 1 assortment of crackers for family use. se6-1w

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

ST. LOUIS, September 11.—The river is swelling steadily.

Arrived—Mary E. Forsyth, from Memphis. Departed—Belle Memphis, for Memphis.

The river continued falling to night.

LOUISVILLE, September 11.—The river is rising, with four feet eight inches in the canal. The weather is warm and showery.

PITTSBURG, September 11.—The river is rising fast, with six feet four inches in the channel. Heavy rains fell last night and this morning.

CAIRO, September 11—The river rose five inches to-day.

Up—Ensmia No. 3 at 10 a.m. Down—Big Horn at 12 m., and Rubicon at 4 p.m.

MEMPHIS, September 12.—More rain; more cloud; more threatening weather, and less motion. The rain yesterday morning fell in torrents, filling our streets and bayous with floods of water. The river at this point is again rising, having swollen four inches in the past 24 hours. We suppose that the heavy rain has caused a swell in White river. Arkansas river is rising rapidly at Little Rock, Capt. Brooks of the Wm says: The river was rising at dark last night, and had risen thirty inches in as many hours.

Arrivals.

Steamer Legal Tender, Louisville.
" Mayflower, White river.
" Continental, New Orleans.
" Argonaut No. 2, New Orleans.
" City of Alton, St. Louis.

Departures.

Steamer Legal Tender, New Orleans.
" Argonaut, Louisville.
" Continental, St. Louis.

In Port.

Champion, Mayflower, City of Alton.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The weather put a stop to all operations upon the levee yesterday.

Mitt Harry and Charley Sharpe, of the Liberty, have returned from a visit to Cincinnati.

The fine steamer Rubicon, Capt. Bill Blake, will pass down to-day for Vicksburg. She is one of the best passenger packets we know of. Alf. Grissom is her clerk.

The Julia had not arrived at dark last night. She was assisting the Bismarck to lighten off Paw Paw when last heard from.

Messrs Taylor & Rutland received a bale of new cotton to-day, from the plantation of J. J. Hayne, of Senatobia.

The *Cahawnian* complains that a shipment of cotton from that point to this city was not noticed by us. Our contemporary did not read as closely as his wont.

The elegant City of Alton, Capt. William Thompson, will pack out to-day as 6 p.m. for Cairo and St. Louis, connecting with the popular White Collar line for all points on the upper Mississippi, and with trains for all points North and East. Mr. White is her chief clerk.

A very large delegation of our citizens leave here to-day and to-morrow, to be present at the grand Masonic ceremonies which take place on Tuesday next. We know they will be under obligations to us for reminding them that the steamer Leslie Home, Capt. Brolaski & Malin, is one of the most elegant and well kept houses in the West, having every modern convenience which could be thought of by the most luxurious traveler. The hotel is most centrally situated, and is, in fact, the house par excellence of St. Louis.

The Minneola left Cincinnati on Wednesday night, with 30 cabin passengers and 500 tons freight.

Pat. Burke has been appointed Wharfmaster at Evansville, vice Bob. Heinman, resigned.

Steam was raised in Capt. John Woodburn's new Arkansas river packet Ft. Gibson, at Pittsburg, on Monday. She performed elegantly, and is loading for the Arkansas.

Frank Maratta will command the Swallow this season.

The Darling is loading at Cincinnati for this port.

The Lao, Capt. Norton's new steamer, was launched at New Albany, on Monday last. The following are her dimensions: Length 170 feet; beam 30 feet; hold 6 feet. The Lao is designed expressly for the Alabama river trade, and will run from New Orleans to Montgomery. Capt. Norton, for the last thirty years, has been in the Alabama river trade, as pilot and captain, and is widely known as an excellent steamboatman and clever gentleman.

The City of Alton will be crowded this evening by Sir Knights of Cyrene Commandery as well as many other members of the Brotherhood, who, with their families visit St. Louis during the Masonic ceremonies which take place next week. They will have a pleasant trip and will find Capt. Tom Thompson, as well as Mr. White among the cleverest of gentlemen and most careful of officers.

The Champion was unable to discharge her freight yesterday and was compelled to lay over until to-day in consequence. She will back out at 5 p.m. for Cincinnati. Capt. Gregg is master and Thad Wrinkle is clerk.

The Legal Tender passed down yesterday. She had a hard time getting out of the Ohio. Among her freight was a lot of mules bound south, and two of the finest three year old stallions we have ever seen. They were brought down by Geo. K. Dills, of Harrison county, Ky., and one of them has already been purchased by Maj. R. M. Rawlings, of our city.

Capt. J. O. Darff, of the *Avalanche*, returned last evening from St. Louis, where he went to contract for the delivery of old iron during the coming season.

The United States mail packet, Mayflower, Capt. Ashford, with Charley Smithers in the office, backs out to-day at five p.m., for White river. She connects at Devall's Bluff with the Little Rock Railroad, and with packets for upper White river.

COTTON---COMMISSION.

N. R. JUDSON, Mishawaka, Ind. J. C. ALEXANDER
T. H. JUDSON, R. G. MATTHEWS.

JUDSON & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
Rooms 35 & 36, Lee Block, Union street,
Memphis, Tenn.

Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished to our customers. Also, all cotton shipped to us will be covered by our open policy of insurance, unless otherwise instructed. sep6 3m

BLACK, ESTES & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 11 Monroe St, Memphis, Tenn.

CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton, Tobacco and Grain solicited. Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties and all Supplies furnished at the Lowest Rates. Liberal Cash Advancements made on Cotton in store or in transit. Regular legitimate rates on all business done. au26 3m

INSURANCE.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

HOME OFFICE, No. 513 Olive Street, ST. LOUIS.

D. A. JANUARY, President.
JAS. H. LUCAS, Vice-Preside't.
WM. T. SELBY, Secretary.
J. S. MILLER, Ass't Secretary.
WM. N. BENTON, Gen'l Agent.

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James H. Lucas, Samuel Willi, Theodore Laveille, Charles H. Peck, Robert K. Woods, Jules Valle, Geo. R. Robinson, Robert K. Carr, John F. Thornton, David K. Ferguson, Hon. John Hogan, Henry Overstols, Nicholas Schaeffer, William T. Gay, Wm. C. Jamison, R. P. Hanlaxamp, L. H. Baker, D. A. January, Wm. J. Lewis, F. Rozier, Jr., Jacob Tamm.

Assets, June 1, 1868, over $3,000,000

Issues Policies on ALL THE MOST APPROVED NON-FORFEITING PLANS, on as good terms as any Company.

No Restrictions upon Acclimated Persons, or to RESIDENCE OR TRAVEL.

MEMPHIS BOARD OF REFERENCE;

Wormeley, Joy & Co., Aydlett, Robinson & Co., R. M. Webb & Co., Toof, Phillips & Co., Lacey & McGhee, N. Corouna, A. E. Frankland, Jacob Alexander, Clapp, Vance & Anderson, General N. B. Forrest, General J. R. Chalmers, Com. Joseph E. Montgomery, Judge J. P. Caruthers, Rev. S. H. Ford, D. D., Rev. J. R. Graves, Judge Phineas T. Scruggs, Gallaway, Hampton Co., DeSoto Insurance Company.

AGENCY OFFICE IN MEMPHIS—No. 43 Madison street, Kit Williams' Block.
McMAHON & OTIS,
State Agents for West Tennessee,
Mississippi, Arkansas and North Louisiana.
N. S. OTIS ..... J. H. McMAHON
1e21 3m

INSURANCE.

Fire & Inland Navigation Risks

MEMPHIS INSURANCE AGENCY,
22 Madison Street.

THE FOLLOWING STAUNCH, RELIABLE and well known Insurance Companies are represented at the Memphis Insurance Agency, No. 22 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn.:

ÆTNA OF HARTFORD.

Assets ..... $ 4,833,543
Total Losses Paid 21,271,972

HARTFORD OF HARTFORD.

INCORPORATED, A.D., 1810.

Assets $2,036,220

H. A. LITTLETON, Agent.

ROME OF NEW YORK.

Assets $3,623,896

SECURITY OF NEW YORK.

Assets $1,477,677

ENTERPRISE OF CINCINNATI.

Capital $1,000,000

Vredenburgh & Sylvester, Ag'ts.

Losses Paid at this Agency.

Applications for Marine and Accident Insurance promptly attended to. je17 3m

THE MISSISSIPPI VALLEY
FIRE AND MARINE
INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MEMPHIS.

CAPITAL, : : : : : $300,000

OFFICE—FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

OFFICERS:

C. P. NORRIS ..... President.
J. J. MURPHY ..... Vice-President.
J. R. STEBBINS ..... Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

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J. J. MURPHY,	M. M. SCOTT,
F. W. SMITH,	N. CORONNA,
NAPOLEON HILL,	S. M. GATES,
C. F. SMITH,	C. F. PARTEE,
S. LOWENSTEIN,	THOMAS FISHER,
W. R. MOORE,	J. S. MENKEN,
R. KIRKMAN,	W. W. SCHOFIELD,
T. F. MACKALL,	THOMAS R. SMITH,
R. C. GIST.	A. SEESSEL. je4

HERNANDO
INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a General Insurance business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe and equitable business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, : : : President.
BEN MAY, : : : : : : : Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

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S. B. WILLIAMSON,	M. L. MEACHAM,
HENRY LAIRD,	E. McDAVITT,
D. H. TOWNSEND.	

jy10 tf

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY BRANCH
—OF THE—
KNICKERBOCKER
Mutual Life Insurance Co.,
AT MEMPHIS, TENN.

Office, No. 18 Knickerbocker Building.

Assets, : : : $1,000,000

Policies Issued at this Office on all the popular plans, and the General Business transacted on the same terms as with the Home Office of the Company.

DIRECTORS AT

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, MEMPHIS, September 11, 1868.

The rain yesterday morning was probably the heaviest which the oldest inhabitant remembers at this season of the year. The damage to cotton over the whole section embraced in this deluge of water will not be less than 10 per cent. of the crop. The next week or two will be full of interest to our planters, many of whom are already despairing of anything like a return for their labor.

In the money market we did not learn anything of interest to our readers. The rain appeared to check all operations. Our banks report some increase in the way of depesits, and a very fair inquiry for money from business houses, with rates unchanged.

Exchange is becoming more plentiful as the crop arrives. None of our discount houses complain of anything like lack of offerings, and all demands are readily supplied at ¾ to ⅞ premium. Buying in all instances at par.

Bonds and stocks are quiet. The demand does not appear to be as active as it was last month, though a few favorite securities are scarce, and buyers are numerous. In connection with the recent decline in our city bonds in New York, we have a few words of explanation to make. We were informed by parties some time ago, but whose names at present we cannot recall, that Mr. Barrett and one or two other citizens of Memphis, had gone to New York with a large amount of bonds, and had thrown them upon that market. We are assured by Mr. Barrett that his visit to New York was for an entirely different purpose, and that so far from offering bonds there he was a purchaser in that market to no small amount. Our information, at the time it was given us, bore the appearance of truth, as bonds were daily growing weaker; but we are satisfied from the statement of Mr. B. that he had nothing to do with the depreciation of our securities, and willingly set him right before our people. A broker bought $5000 in city bonds at 50c.

City Scrip is quiet, with quotations nominally the same as yesterday. Buying at 75@76c; selling at 80c.

Police Scrip is in good demand at 77@78c buying; selling at 80c.

County Warrants are firm. We could learn of no offerings and but few counter calls—the latter in a small way. Quotations are nominally the same as yesterday.

Gold opened in New York to-day at 143¾c, and at 1 p.m. was 144c. A few small sales occurred here at 142@143½c. There is no demand except for shipment.

The New York Stock Board quotations were at noon to day as follows: Old Tennessee bonds, 70¾; new, 70; 5-20s, coupons of '81, 114½; '64, 113¾; '64, 99½; '65, 113½; new issue, 87½; '67, 87½; '68, 87½; 10-40s, coupons, 4¾.

The value of the hay crop in the Northern and Western States this season is estimated at $200,000,000, the crop being probably the largest ever produced.

The Louisiana sugar crop this year will, we learn, be a favorable one. The following statement of the crops of former years will be of interest to our readers. The crop is given in hogsheads:

1861-2	1864-5	1865-6	1866-7	1867-8
459,410	6988	14,709	39,000	37,646

Cotton was steady in Liverpool at the opening to-day—Uplands, 10¾d; Orleans, 10¾d; and closed flat—Uplands, 10¾d; Orleans, 10¾d. Sales, 10,000 bales; week's sales, 61,000; sales for export, 16,000; sales to speculators, 4000; stock, 480,000, of which 162,000 is American; stock afloat, 670,000, of which 250 is American.

The New York market opened dull and nominal, and closed dull, with Middlings, 26½c; sales, 400 bales.

Our market was quiet, with buyers offering from ½c to 1c under yesterday's rates. We quote sales of bales Strict Middlings at 25c; 1 bale do., 26c; 3 bales Middlings, 25c; 1 do., 25¼c. Prices are declining daily—the fall being fully 3c since the 1st inst.

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, MEMPHIS, September 11, 1868.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1868		47
Received to-day	10	
Received previously	68	78
		125
Exported to-day	—	
Exported previously	71	71
Stock on hand to-day, 12 m		54

APPLES—Fair demand at $2@4 per bbl.

BAGGING—Good stock and demand. We quote as follows in a jobbing way: Todd's, 1868, 18½c; heavy Kentucky, 23@26c; India, 26@27c.

BRAN—Demand fair. Selling at $20 from mills, $21 on levee, and $22@23 from store.

BUTTER—Light stock. Demand fair. Choice, 35@37½c; good, 30@35c; common, 25c.

BACON—Stock ample. Selling on levee at 17½c; from store in a jobbing way, at 18@18½c; shoulders, 15½@16½c.

CHEESE—Prices are irregular, with light stock and demand.

COFFEE—Rio, 22@25c; Java, 40@42c.

CORN—None on levee. Held at 90@95c in store.

CORNMEAL—Very light demand and fair stock. Klindried, $4 25 from store in lots. Fresh, $4 50 from store; selling in a small way about 25c higher.

CATTLE—Market dull and stock light. Choice Western, 8@9c; No. 2, 7@8c; inferior and Texas, 5½@6½c.

CHICKENS—Firm. Young, $4 50@5; old, $5 @6.

EGGS—Very few in market. Selling at 25c.

FRUIT—Dried apples in demand at 5@7c; Dried peaches, 8@10c.

FLOUR—Market is dull. Superfine, $6 50@7; X, $9@9 50; XX, $10@11; XXX and fancy family, $11 50@13.

HAY—Quiet at $18@22 per ton.

HAMS—Plain country, nominal, plain canvassed 17@18c; sugar-cured canvassed, 20@21c.

HIDES—Receipts light. Dry flint, 21@22c; dry salt, 17@18c; green salt, 10@11c; green flint, 13@14c.

LARD—Prices unchanged. Kegs, 20@21c; tierces, 19@20c.

LIME—Eureka, $2 25; Alabama, Cape and St. Louis, $1 75@2.

MACKEREL—Fair stock. Sugar-cured, 250 $1; Porto Rico, 65@85c; Spring, 75c@$1 25.

MESS PORK—There is a fair demand at $30 50. Prime mess, $27 50; rump, $25 50@26.

OATS—No receipts. Held in store at 75c.

OILS—Coal oil, 35@40c; lard oil, 90@100c. linseed, $1 20@1 40.

ONIONS—Stock very light, [illegible] at $3@4 per bbl.

POTATOES—Good shipping [illegible] per bbl. Sweet, 75c; [illegible] in demand at $3@3 50 per bushel.

SHEEP—Stock [illegible] $3 per head.

SUGAR—Trade [illegible] moderate. Choice Western quality, [illegible]; Tennessee, $2@3 50 as to quote prime [illegible] stock on hand is fair. We mon[illegible] to choice Louisiana, 16@18c; common [illegible]; fair, 12@16c.

SALT—Prices firm. Held at $3 50@3 75 per barrel of 280 lbs; 7 bushel barrels, $4 25@4 50; Liverpool sack, coarse and fine, $3 25@3 50.

TAR—In kegs, per dozen, $5 75@6.

TOBACCO—500 pounds leaf refuses sold to-day at 8c. Medium admitted is worth 18c.

WHEAT—Active demand from city millers; No. 1, $2@2 05; No. 2, $1 85@1 90; inferior, $1 40@1 60.

WHISKY—Market firm with improved demand. High wines, $1 15@1 25 free; common whisky, $1@1 25; imitation Bourbon, $1 35@1 55; Bourbon, $1 80@3.

EDUCATIONAL.

SAINT MARY'S SCHOOL,

POPLAR STREET.

MRS. MARY E. POPE, PRINCIPAL, WILL re-open TUESDAY, September 1st. aul1 tf

PRIVATE SELECT SCHOOL.

MRS. M. A. KNOX will resume her school on MONDAY, September 7th, at her residence, northeast corner of Orleans and Court street extended. Pupils will be received and classed from September 1st. Terms modified to suit the times. aul5 tf

PATAPSCO FEMALE INSTITUTE,

Near Baltimore, Maryland.

IN full operation, with complete corps of Teachers and Professors. *Pupils from nineteen different States, South and Southwest, now present.* Location beautiful, convenient, retired and perfectly healthy. School select; number of pupils limited, and charges more moderate than the few institutions of the same class in cities and elsewhere. Term begins September 10, 1868. Address the Principal,

ROBERT P. ARCHER, aul1 Sawdw Ellicott's Mills, Md.

COTTON---COMMISSION

J. L. VERSER,

COTTON FACTOR

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

314 FRONT STREET,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

BAGGING, ROPE AND TIES FURNISHED at Lowest Market Prices. Cotton shipped by river, and all Cotton in store will be insured unless otherwise instructed. aul4 3m

JOHN F. THOMAS.

(OF THOMAS & ARNOLD,) WITH

Cunningham, Wicks & Malone,

Commission Merchants,

COTTON & TOBACCO FACTORS,

No. 15 Union Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Will furnish our customers with Bagging, Rope and Ties.

N. B.—I am specially interested in all Consignments made C., W. & M., by my friends.

sep6 J. F. T.

BANKS AND BANKING

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF MEMPHIS.

DIRECTORS:

W. A. GWYN,
F. S. DAVIS,
W. W. YOUNG, of Young Bros.;
W. W. THATCHER, of Brown & Jones;
J. W. JEFFERSON, of J. W. Jefferson & Co.;
BEN EISMAN, of Rice, Stix & Co.;
NEWTON FORD, of Newton Ford & Co.;
C. F. SMITH,
C. P. NORRIS.

F. S. DAVIS, President.

C. P. NORRIS, Vice-President.

sep1 tf

WINES AND LIQUORS.

WOLFE'S

Schiedam Schnapps.

THE above Medicinal Beverage is manufactured by the proprietor, at his distillery, in Schiedam, Holland, expressly for medicinal use.

It is now some twenty years since the proprietor first introduced it to the American public, and during that time he has received over three thousand letters from physicians, indorsing it as the purest liquor they have ever used in their practice.

It is made from barley of the finest quality, selected with great care from the products of the most celebrated grain-growing districts, is flavored with the essence of the aromatic juniper-berry of Italy, and is rectified by a peculiar process, which expels from the spirit every acrid particle.

As a means of preventing and correcting the disagreeable and often dangerous effect produced upon the stomach and bowels by a change of water—a visitation to which travelers, new settlers, and all unacclimated persons in the West, the South, and Southwest are peculiarly liable—the SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS will be found absolutely infallible; while in cases of drop-y, gravel, obstructions of the kidneys, diseases of the bladder, stricture, dyspepsia and general debility, it is recommended most emphatically by the most distinguished members of the medical profession.

UDOLPHO WOLFE,

Sole Manufacturer and Importer.

ESTABLISHED IN 1828.

MANSFIELD & HIGBEE,

sep11 eod2m Agents, Memphis.

SCHOOLFIELD & HANAUER

WHOLESALE

GROCERS & LIQUOR DEALERS

And Manufacturers' Agents for

"Virginia Shot and Lead,"

"Schoenberger's Nails,"

And "Ohio River Salt,"

No. 256 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, - - - - TENN

sep10 1m

D. H. EVANS.

Importer and Wholesale Dealer in

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS,

284 Front St., Memphis, Tenn.

ma15 tf

NATHAN BROTHERS & CO.

Importers of and Dealers in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, ETC.,

No. 244 Front Street,

(UNDER THE COMMERCIAL HOTEL.)

MEMPHIS, TENN.

KEEP constantly on hand the largest and best selected stock of Rhine Wine. mh20

Depot of the Celebrated "Hoffheimer's" Bavarian Bitters,

—AT—

BROOKS, NEELY & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 276 Front street, : : : Memphis, Tenn

jy4 3m

A. VACCARO, M. MAGEVNEY, JR.
B. VACCARO. A. B. VACCARO.

A. VACCARO & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.,

324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

my8

To Arrive:

19 barrels Alcohol.

In Store:

25 bbls. Copper Distilled Whisky
100 bbls. Rectified Whisky.

In Bond:

77 barrels Rectified Whisky.
60 barrels High Wines.

All of which we offer for sale low for Cash or Approved Paper.

SMITH & LEECH,

aul3 3m 342 Second Street.

ST. LOUIS.

JOSEPH M. O'SHEA,

SUCCESSOR TO J. D. SULLIVAN,

IMPORTER OF

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

No. 106 North Fourth Street,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, etc., repaired with neatness and dispatch.

☞ Mr. C. D. SULLIVAN has charge of the Watch Department. sep9 3m

C. F. CHAMBERLIN & CO.,

Manufacturing and Jobbing Stationers,

201 North Main Street,

ST. LOUIS, - - - - MISSOURI.

HAVING established ourselves as above, with largely increased facilities, we are prepared to execute all work in our line at greatly reduced prices, and in the very best style.

We are in receipt of a large and complete stock of Flat Cap, Letter, Legal Cap, Foolscap, Note and Fancy Papers, Plain and Fancy Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Inks and Stationers' articles generally, which we offer to the trade at New York prices, freight added, for cash.

☞ Agents for sale "Session's Magic Binder." sep9 1m C. F. CHAMBERLIN & CO.

RAILROAD.

Election for Directors of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company.

THE Stockholders in the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company are notified that the annual election for Nine Directors of said Company will be held at the offices of the Company in Memphis, Tennessee, and Huntsville, Alabama, on

Wednesday, September 16, 1868,

Stockholders will be passed free for one day before and until one day after said election, upon exhibiting their certificates of stock to the conductor.

By order of the Board.

GEO. ROBERTSON, aul2 td Secretary and Treasurer.

DRY GOODS.

THE

DRY GOODS TRADE

OF MEMPHIS.

GRAND PREPARATIONS

—FOR—

FALL TRADE

—AT—

COMPETITION DEFIED

—AT—

HOME OR ABROAD

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE FAVORABLE prospects of a bountiful season, by which there must necessarily insure

A LARGE TRADE

We have concluded arrangements through which we propose to offer inducements for all

BUYERS TO PURCHASE HERE

1st—All Imported Goods we will Import Direct, or buy from the Importer's Agents.

All Domestic Goods we will buy direct from the Manufacturers.

Shoes we will have made to order; in fact, we will procure all our Goods FROM FIRST HANDS, thereby saving the Jobber's profits.

2d—Through our large capital we are enabled to BUY FOR CASH, thereby can buy closer than those buying on credit.

3d—We shall continue to SELL ONLY FOR CASH, which enables us to sell at a closer profit than those selling on Time.

4th—We will continually have our buyers in the East watching the market and attending the Trade Auction Sales, buying Bargains, which we will again Sell as Bargains.

Through these advantages, it must be apparent to all that we will be able to COMPETE WITH

ANY MARKET ON THIS CONTINENT.

☞ People should not listen to the base fabrications of Cincinnati, Louisville and St. Louis drummers, that Memphis cannot compete with their markets.

MEMPHIS CAN NOW,

AND WILL,

COMPETE WITH ALL MARKETS

WE SHALL CONTINUE OUR

CLOAK MANUFACTORY

Under the management of a No. 1 CLOAK CUTTER, making up the LATEST PARISIAN STYLES, whereby we will save at least 25 per cent. and can thereby

SELL THEM 25 PER CENT. CHEAPER

Than those buying from eastern manufacturers.

We shall keep the LARGEST as well as the

MOST COMPLETE STOCK

IN THIS CITY.

EVERY DEPARTMENT

—WILL—

BE COMPLETE.

Thankful to our customers for past patronage, we hope to keep a continuance of same, and through the GRAND PREPARATIONS WE HAVE MADE, the large increase of Stock and the close figures we shall sell at, we hope for a large increase of our custom.

We would especially invite all WHOLESALE BUYERS to give us a call before purchasing their Fall Stocks.

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROTHERS,

Cor. Jefferson and Main Sts.

sel

COTTON---COMMISSION.

T. H. & J. M. ALLEN & CO.

191 Common Street, N. O.

THOS. H. ALLEN & CO.,

7 Monroe St., Memphis, Tenn.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

se8 3m

J. T. FARGASON. J. R. TALBERT. C. C. CLAY OF MISSISSIPPI, WITH

FARGASON & CLAY,

[Successors to Fargason, Cordes & Co.,]

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 320 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, - - - TENN.

☞ Cash advances made on consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished. se8 6m

JOHN S. TOOF. CHAS. J. PHILLIPS. F. M. MAHAN

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

And dealers in

Plantation & Family Supplies.

WINES AND LIQUORS,

No. 226 Front Street, Memphis

PARTICULAR attention paid to the storage and sale of Cotton on Commission. All consignments covered by our Open Policy of Insurance, while in transit, unless otherwise instructed.

☞ Our stock of Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties and Plantation Supplies is full and complete, and will always be furnished on as reasonable terms as can be had in the city.

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO., sep1 No. 226 Front street.

F. LANE. J. H. MARTIN

F. LANE & CO.,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

Corner Union and Front Streets,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE

☞ Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments. au9

J. A. SHANE. I. R. A. HARRIS.

SHANE, HARRIS & CO.,

(Successors to Shane, Bell & Co.,)

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

GENERAL COMMISSION

And Forwarding Merchants,

254 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

LIBERAL advances on Consignments. Bagging, Rope and Ties furnished to customers. A. G. HARRIS & CO., No. 17 Vine street, Cincinnati, Ohio. sep1 3m

J. F. DOWDY,

Cotton Factor

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 264 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Liberal cash advances made on consignments. sep1 1m

W. W. GUY. J. H. M'CLELLAN. T. C. PARK. E. W. M'CLELLAN.

GUY, M'CLELLAN & CO.,

(Successors to Guy, Alden, McRae & Co., and Pearce, Park & Co.,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

COTTON FACTORS,

And General Commission Merch'ts,

No. 204 Front Street,

(Between Washington and Adams)

MEMPHIS, TENN.

KEEP constantly on hand a large stock of well selected Staple Groceries, Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties, Twine, and Plantation supplies generally. Special personal attention will be given to the sale of Cotton and every description of Produce; and as we have a large and commodious first-class Fire-proof Warehouse, will receive Goods on Storage for shipment, etc. All consignments of Cotton, etc., to us will be insured, unless otherwise instructed. Liberal cash advances made on consignments. au9 1m

E. B. WEBBER, Fayette Co., Tenn. JOHN W. WEBBER, Fayette Co., Tenn.

E. B. WEBBER & BRO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

230 FRONT STREET, : MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco and Grain solicited. Liberal advances made on consignments in store. Bagging, Rope and Plantation supplies furnished at the lowest market rates. au1 3m

New Firm.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the style of NORTON & JOY, for the purpose of transacting a General Commission Business. JAMES NORTON, LEVI JOY.

Memphis, Tenn., July 6, 1868.

CARD.

JAMES NORTON, late Davis & Norton. LEVI JOY, late Wormeley, Joy & Co.

NORTON & JOY.

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 234 Front Street, : : : Memphis, Tenn.

jy8 3m

HARRIS, COCHRAN & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 254 Front Street,

KEEP constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of Flour, Meal, Bacon, Pork, Lard, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties, which they offer at the lowest market rates. au16

W. L. STEWART,

COTTON FACTOR

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 2 Bank Alley,

Near Madison Street, Memphis, Tenn.

☞ Will attend promptly to the sale of Cotton and Produce, and fill orders for supplies for customers. au23 3m

J. J. RAWLINGS. J. L. WEBB. J. L. RAWLINGS.

J. J. RAWLINGS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 254 Front Street.

UP STAIRS, - - - MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ We will sell all COUNTRY PRODUCE consigned to us. au13 3m

In former times it was a practice with the merchants to give five gallons good liquor for the first Bale new Cotton. By way of keeping up something like the old custom, we propose to pay a premium of fifty dollars in silver for the first Bale new Cotton sent us from Tennessee, to weigh not less than 400 pounds.

au13 1m J. J. RAWLINGS & CO.

TRANSPORTATION.

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD.

Open to Madison

Overland Route to Little Rock.

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMber 2, 1868, the train on the Eastern Division of this Road will run regularly as follows:

GOING WEST—Leaves Hopefield Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7:30 a.m., and arrive at Madison at 1 o'clock p.m.

COMING EAST—Leaves Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:30 a.m.; arrive at Hopefield at 1 o'clock p.m., and Memphis at 1:30 p.m.

The Ferryboat Nevada leaves the foot of Union street at 7 a.m.

Trains at Madison connect with the Stage Line between Madison and Devall's Bluff.

Passengers leaving Memphis at 7:30 a.m. arrive in Little Rock at 5 p.m. next day.

Tickets for sale at all the Railroad Ticket offices in the city.

Freights for Madison or way stations received by P. M. Patterson & Co., at their Wharf-boat, foot of Union street.

Freight to Way Stations must be prepaid.

☞ Office of Road, No. 12 Jefferson street.

au29 tf J. W. ROBERTSON, Gen. Sup't.

STILL LOWER REDUCTION IN FREIGHTS.

Shortest Line, Quick Time, Lowest Rates

MEMPHIS & CHARLESTON R. R.

MARK YOUR GOODS

—VIA—

Virginia and Tennessee Air Line

Rates via NORFOLK have been greatly reduced, and are as follows:

TO MEMPHIS, PER 100 POUNDS.

From	1st Class.	2d Class	3d Class.	4th Class.
New York	$1 68	$1 50	$1 20	.90
Boston	1 63	1 50	1 30	.90
Philadelphia	1 90	1 75	1 55	.90
Baltimore	1 54	1 40	1 10	.85

All Rail rates from New York to Memphis have this day been reduced to following figures:

First Class, per 100 lbs	$2 10
Second Class, per 100 lbs	1 90
Third Class, per 100 lbs	1 75
Fourth Class, per 100 lbs	1 55

This route having the SHORTEST LINE, is determined to transport Freights TO and FROM Memphis at as low rates, or lower, than any other line.

CLAIMS for LOSS and DAMAGE promptly adjusted.

For Bills of Lading or information, call on C. S. SAWYER, 278 Main street, or A. J. LOWE Agent at Depot.

W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't M. and C. Railroad.

JOS. C. LOPEZ, Gen'l Frt Ag't. sep2

Quickest Route to New York

—AND ALL—

PRINCIPAL NORTHERN CITIES

—IS BY THE—

Memphis & Louisville R. R. Line.

Summer Schedules, June, 1868.

Double Daily Through Trains

RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Memphis (city time)	6:40 a.m.	2:40 p.m.
Leave Memphis (railroad time)	7:00 a.m.	4:00 p.m.
Arrive at Louisville	4:00 a.m.	12:40 p.m.
" Indianapolis	10:40 a.m.	6:00 p.m.
" Cincinnati	1:4 noon.	11:50 p.m.
" Cleveland	9 50 p.m.	6.25 a.m.
" Buffalo	5:20 a.m.	1:35 p.m.
" Niagara Falls	10:00 a.m.	4:05 p.m.
" Pittsburg	2:40 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
" Baltimore	6:30 p.m.	4:20 a.m.
" Washington	8:00 p.m.	5:15 a.m.
" Philadelphia	10 p.m.	1:25 a.m.
" New York	7:40 p.m.	5:00 a.m.
" Boston	12 night.	4:00 p.m.

4 p.m. Train connects for Nashville, arriving at 6:40 a.m.

The 4:00 p.m connects for Cairo and St. Louis, arriving at St. Louis at 1:30 p.m. next day.

THROUGH TICKETS

At reduced rates, can be procured at Company's Office, 237½ Main street, and at Depot, head of Main street.

☞ Baggage Checked at Depot or by the Memphis City Transfer Company; at Hotels, Private Residences, or on board boats, to all principal points East and North.

SAM. R. JONES, Superintendent.

ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. je3

COTTON GINS.

EAGLE COTTON GINS.

WE are the Sole Agents for the sale of these unrivaled Gin Stands. For beauty of STAPLE, LIGHTNESS OF DRAFT, AND QUANTITY OF LINT COTTON turned out per day, they are unsurpassed. Reference can be safely made to every planter who has given them a fair trial. Where mule power is used, they make a saving of from one-quarter to one-third the draft OVER ANY OTHER GIN. We are also agents for STRAUB'S GRIST MILLS, and WESELER, OLEMSON & CO.'S CIRCULAR SAWS.

McCORMICK & CO.,

Dealers in Hardware, Cutlery and Guns,

222½ and 224 Main Street,

jy11 dawfim Memphis, Tenn.

Pratt's Southern Made Cotton Gin

THIS GIN is regarded by planters who have used it, as the best for sample, picking the cleanest, and lightest draught. Planters cultivating bottom lands are requested to examine the Eureka Gin at Farrington & Howell's, 268 Front street. It will pay for itself in ginning fifty bales. A. N. Gunnison, manufacturer of the Steel Comb Gin before the war but now a planter, gives the following certificate:

"MEMPHIS, TENN., January 31, 1868.

"I take pleasure in recommending to planters cultivating Cotton on bottom lands of the Mississippi, Arkansas, White and St. Francis rivers, the Eureka Gin, made by Daniel Pratt, of Alabama. This Gin separates the hulls, boils, etc., from the Cotton, makes a good sample, and is superior to any other Gin for bottom lands. I have used one myself on a farm in Washington county, Miss., and it operates well and gives satisfaction. Yours very respect. A. N. GUNNISON."

Orders for Gins, from 40 to 80 Saws and Gum Belting, at factory prices, addressed to the care of FARRINGTON & HOWELL, 268 Front street, Memphis, promptly filled. Presses and Gearing put up, and Gins repaired by a skillful Ginwright. G. W. TRUEHART, jy28 Stawdmaw Agent for Daniel Pratt.

COTTON GINS! COTTON GINS

E. CARVER CO.'S

Improved Gins!

THE great number of these celebrated Gin Stands in use throughout this whole country, are actual working witnesses of their acknowledged superiority. No neighborhood is without some of these splendid machines, and we make reference to each and every planter now using them as to their superior advantages over all others.

Those needing Gins will consult their best interests when they bear in mind that the "E. CARVER CO.'S IMPROVED GINS" can be had with any desired number of Saws, either right or left hand motion, by calling on or sending their orders to

ALLISON BROTHERS,

Sole Agents, 270 Front St., Memphis.

Commission Merchants desiring to make purchases of Gin Stands for their customers, will find it to their advantage to call upon us. jy14 2m ALLISON BROTHERS.

CULLETT'S

STEEL BRUSH COTTON GINS

Orgill Bros. & Co., Agents,

MEMPHIS, : : TENNESSEE

WE are just in receipt of a shipment of the above superior Gins, manufactured under the immediate supervision of D. E. Gullett, of Aberdeen, Miss. The many certificates found in the catalogues give abundant testimony of the superiority of this Gin over any other now manufactured.

We are now prepared to furnish gins from 40 to 80 saws, right or left hand. Catalogues will be furnished on application.

ORGILL BROS. & CO., Nos. 312 and 310, an20 1m Corner Monroe and Front Sts.

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SADDLERY AND HARNESS.

BRIDLES,
WHIPS,
SADDLERY,
HARDWARE,
TRUNKS, Etc.

AT REDUCED RATES.

C. N. CASE, Jr., & CO., 177 Main street, Sign of the Golden Stirrup, sep1 tf Woodruff Block.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

J. M. GOODBAR, J. R. S. GILLILAND,

GOODBAR & GILLILAND,

Exclusive Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS AND SHOES

HATS AND CAPS,

No. 201 Main Street, Webster Block,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Our Fall Stock is now complete, to which we invite the attention of all Merchants. sep6 3m

1868. FALL CAMPAIGN. 1868

—IN—

BOOTS & SHOES.

HAVING thoroughly canvassed the Shoe Districts this Summer, we are now able to offer to the Trade just the Goods to suit the people, at prices that will suit the people, at prices that will compete favorably with any city this side of Boston.

Call and examine, and you will buy your Shoe Goods in Memphis and save time and expense. Respectfully,

JOS. S. LEVETT & CO., au27 1m 336 Main street.

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ALLISON BROS.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

HARDWARE,

CUNS, CUTLERY, ETC.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

E. Carver & Co.'s Improved Cotton Gins,
MacNeale & Urban's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes,
Tennessee Charcoal and Kentucky Iron,

270 Front Street.

☞ Merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine our Stock, which we are now daily receiving by ors making their purchases elsewhere. Our Stock is large and complete, embracing every variety in a GENERAL HARDWARE BUSINESS, and we feel assured that we can offer the Merchants superior inducements to trade with us. We are determined to suit them in prices. Come and see.

sep6 3m ALLISON BROS.

ORGILL BROS. & CO.

Importers and Dealers in

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, ETC.,

Nos. 310 and 312 Front St.

A large Stock of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, English and German Single and Double-Shear Steel Shot Guns,
Half and Full Stocked Hunting Rifles,
English and American Table and Pocket Cutlery,
Cast Iron Pots, Ovens and Skillets,
Rubber Belting, Iron and Steel,
French Window Glass,
Cotton and Wool Cards,
Copper Stills, Axes, Rope,
Blacksmiths' Tools, Builders' Hardware, etc.
Agents for the Guillet Steel Brush Cotton Gin,
Agents for Ingersoll's Cotton Press.
Agents for Bradford's (Cincinnati) Flour and
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DR. NORRIS,

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237 Main Street,

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Cures all diseases of the Eye. A cure warranted in every case. Strabismus or Crossed Eyes with perfect safety. Patients from a distance accommodated with board at moderate rates. au1 6 tf

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Women & Children as Specialties.

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S. S. LLOYD. E. E. CLARKE. C. B. CLARKE.

"CHINA PALACE"

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LLOYD, CLARKE & CO.,

IMPORTERS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Queensware, China and Glassware

Table Cutlery, Tea & Table Spoons,

And House Furnishing Goods, etc.,

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MEMPHIS, : : TENNESSEE. ma31

CARDS.

A Card.

NEW ORLEANS, August 11, 1868.

MESSRS. MAYER, MARTINEZ & CO., OF Memphis, are the only ones for whom I will hereafter fill up orders for that market. They are authorized to sell my cigars to dealers at factory prices.

au20 1m GEORGE ALCES.

A CARD.

A REPORT having obtained credence that I have withdrawn from the LIFE INSURANCE business, I take this method of notifying the Public that I am still connected with

The New York Life Insurance Company

Feeling thankful for the liberal patronage which has been heretofore bestowed on me by my friends in Tennessee, Mississippi and Arkansas, I respectfully ask a continuance of the same.

I have also associated with me in business, Mr. T. C. CASKIN, formerly of South Carolina, a gentleman I cordially recommend to my friends and patrons. S. D. McCLURE.

au16

DRUGS, ETC.

C. C. WARD & BROTHER,

SUCCESSORS TO WARD & LeGUERE,

DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS

Corner Main and Adams Streets,

OPPOSITE WORSHAM HOUSE.

☞ *We pay particular attention to Filling Orders for Physicians and Families.* se6 1m

RUSSELL'S

Dispensary, Infirmary and Drug Store,

Nos. 40 and 42 North Court St.,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

DR. RUSSELL'S DISPENSARY AND INFIRMARY, the largest and oldest institution of the kind in the southwest, established in 1859, pleasantly located at Nos. 40 and 42 north side of Court Square, Memphis, Tenn., is open for the reception of patients desiring treatment and the comforts of a home while receiving the same. Patients also treated at the office or by letter, if desired. Dr. RUSSELL is acknowledged by all parties interested as by far the MOST SUCCESSFUL PHYSICIAN in the treatment of Private or Secret Diseases. Quick, thorough and permanent cures guaranteed in every case, male or female. Recent cases of GONORRHŒA and SYPHILIS cured in a few days, without the use of Mercury, change of diet, or hindrance from business. SECONDARY SYPHILIS; the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary loss of Semen stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency or Loss of Sexual Power restored to free vigor in a few weeks. Gleet or Gonorrhœa of long standing, when all internal remedies have failed, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Victims of SELF-ABUSE and excessive Venery, suffering from SPERMATORRHŒA and loss of physical and mental power, speedily and permanently cured.

☞ All consultations strictly confidential.

Chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Paralysis, Deafness, etc., treated by the aid of Electro Magnetic Battery.

Office hours from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m., and from 2 to 8 p.m.

Those wishing to purchase Drugs, Family Medicines, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, etc., would do well to call at RUSSELL'S DRUG STORE before purchasing elsewhere, No. 42 North Court street, under the Dispensary. je27

W. P. GRAY. C. W. BARRADALL.

GRAY & BARRADALL,

APOTHECARIES AND DRUGGISTS,

No. 264 Second Street,

Vincent Block, N. E. corner of Court.

PRESCRIPTIONS carefully compounded at all hours. A large stock of the best Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles, Soaps, Perfumery, etc., constantly on hand. Doors open until midnight every night, after which time the night bell will be promptly responded to. au23 1m

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FIRST ARRIVAL OF FRESH

Pittsburg Coal,

—FOR THE—

HAYS COAL COMPANY

(Successors to BRIGGS & PETERSON,)

WHOLESALE and Retail Dealers in best Pittsburg Coal, from the Hays Mines, first pool, Monongahela river.

Office—22½ Madison street. mh25 tf

COAL, COAL, COAL!

We beg leave to announce to the citizens of Memphis that we have opened a Yard for the sale of

MOUNT CARBON COAL

—AT THE—

FOOT OF MARKET STREET,

This Coal is unsurpassed for manufacturing or domestic purposes, and will be sold at a low figure.

All orders left at No. 20 Madison street, or at the YARD, foot of Market street, will receive prompt attention.

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Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Sheet Music, Music Books, Pianos, Organs and Melodeons, Musical Instruments and Musical Merchandise of every description.

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